

Innovative food processing supporting sustainable food systems

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EcoFood
Lab



EcoFood Lab



UNIVERSITÉ
LAVAL
Food Science Department



Institute of Nutrition and Functional Foods



STELA

Dairy research center STELA

GastronomiQc
Lab

Université Laval - ITHQ



Univrsité Laval – Université de Lille

127 researchers

500 postgraduate students

25 millions CAD

200 private partners

Collaborations with 25 countries



SUSTAINABLE
FOOD



Sustainable development



NEEDS



SD is development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs

United Nations

Global population



Agro-food industry



*50% increase
in global food
demand by
2050*

FAO, 2017



Agro-food industry

Production

Processing
and
Packaging

Storage and
Distribution

Retail

Food service
and
Household
Consumption

FOOD LOSSES

14%

FAO, 2019

FOOD WASTE

18%

UNEP, 2021

3.3 billion tons of produced food



Health issues

~ 800 million people are affected by hunger

2 billion people have different nutrient deficiencies

More than 1.9 billion adults, 18 years and older, are overweight. Of these over 650 million are obese



Socioeconomic costs (USD 3.5 trillion per year)



Expansion of conventional food production lines and infrastructure



9.7 billion people

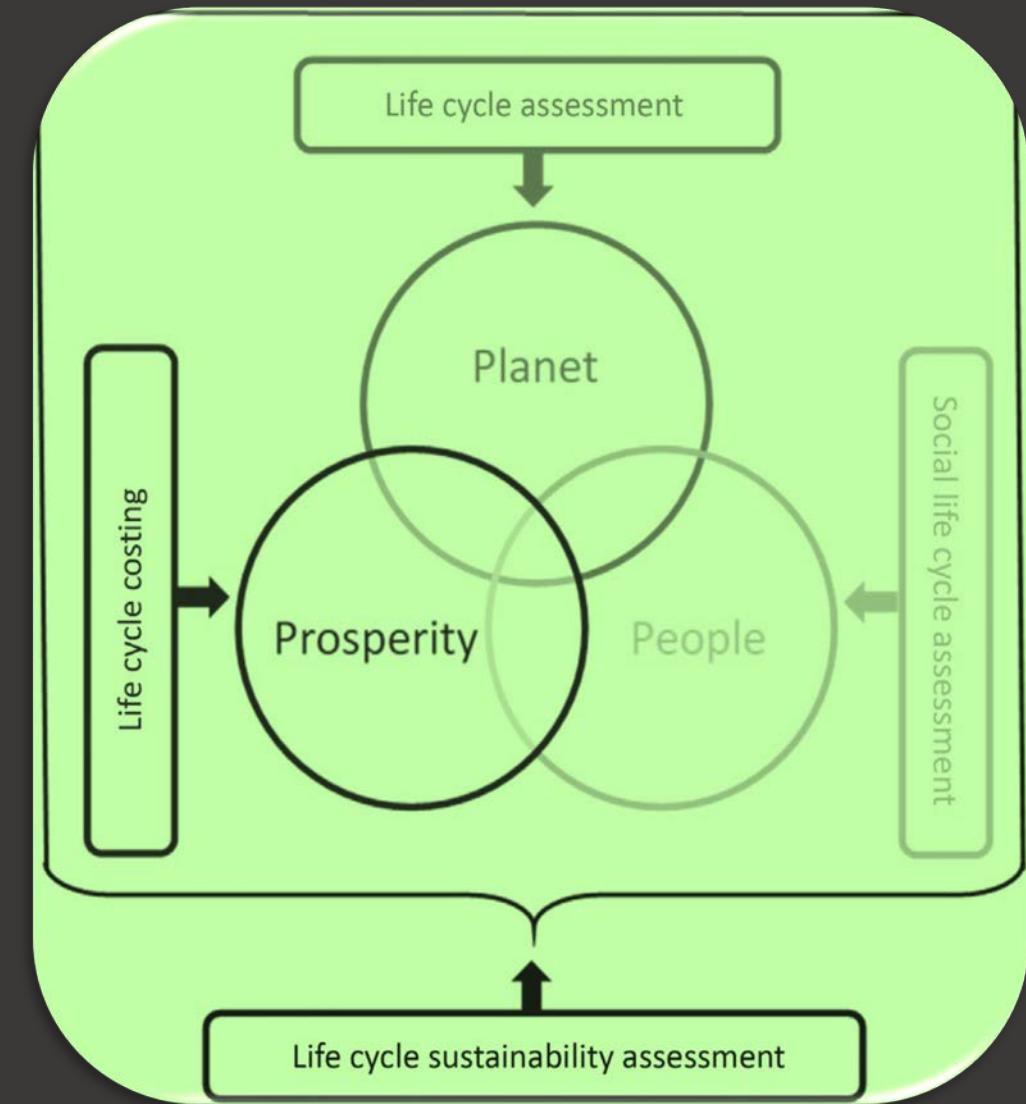


NEEDS



IMPACTS

Sustainable development



Sustainable development

LCA

environmental impacts associated with a product, process, or activity



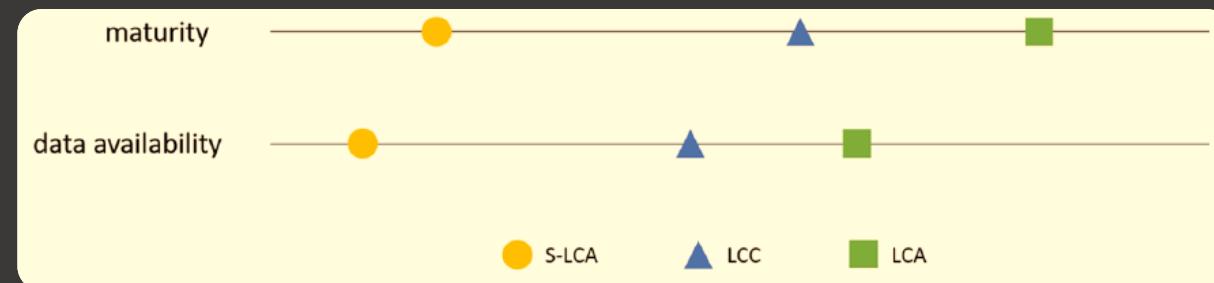
LCC

costs expended from product conception and production, through its operation, to the end of its useful life



S-LCA

addresses the social impacts of products and services along their life cycle



Maturity levels and data availability of life cycle approaches (x-axis: progress/development)

Sustainable development



ECO-EFFICIENCY

Eco-efficiency

1990 – *Introduction* - Schaltegger & Sturm. Öologische Rationalität (*Environmental rationality*).

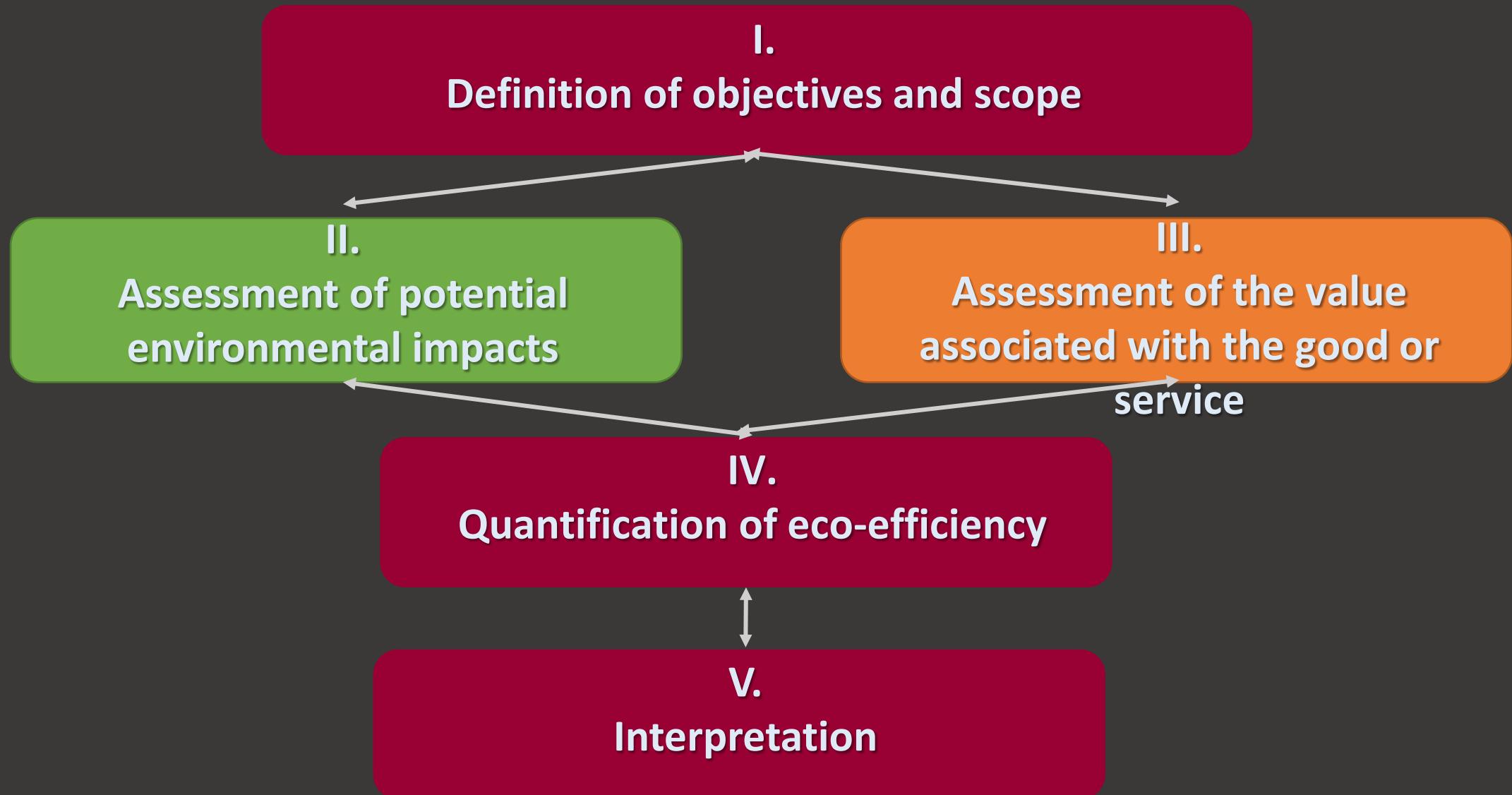
1992 – *Popularization* – World Business Council for Sustainable Development (WBCSD) at the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (Earth Summit or Rio Conference).



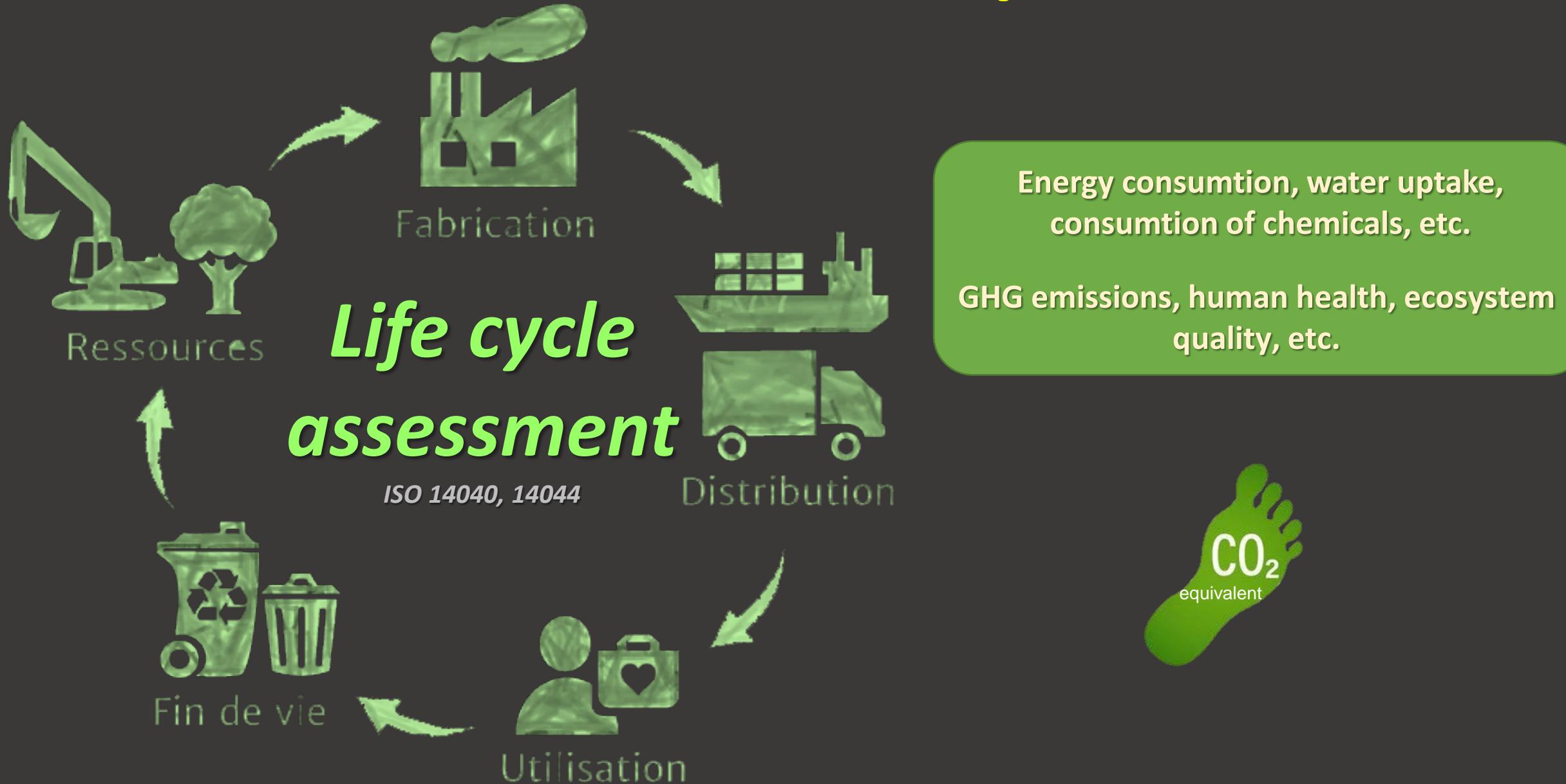
unmultimedia.org

2012 – *Standardization* – ISO 14045

Eco-efficiency

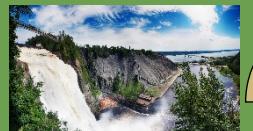


Environmental impact



Environmental impact

TECHNOSPHERE



RELATIONS



GOAL and SCOPE



*LIFE CYCLE
INVENTORY
ASSESSMENT*

Environmental impact



**LIFE CYCLE
INVENTORY
ASSESSMENT**

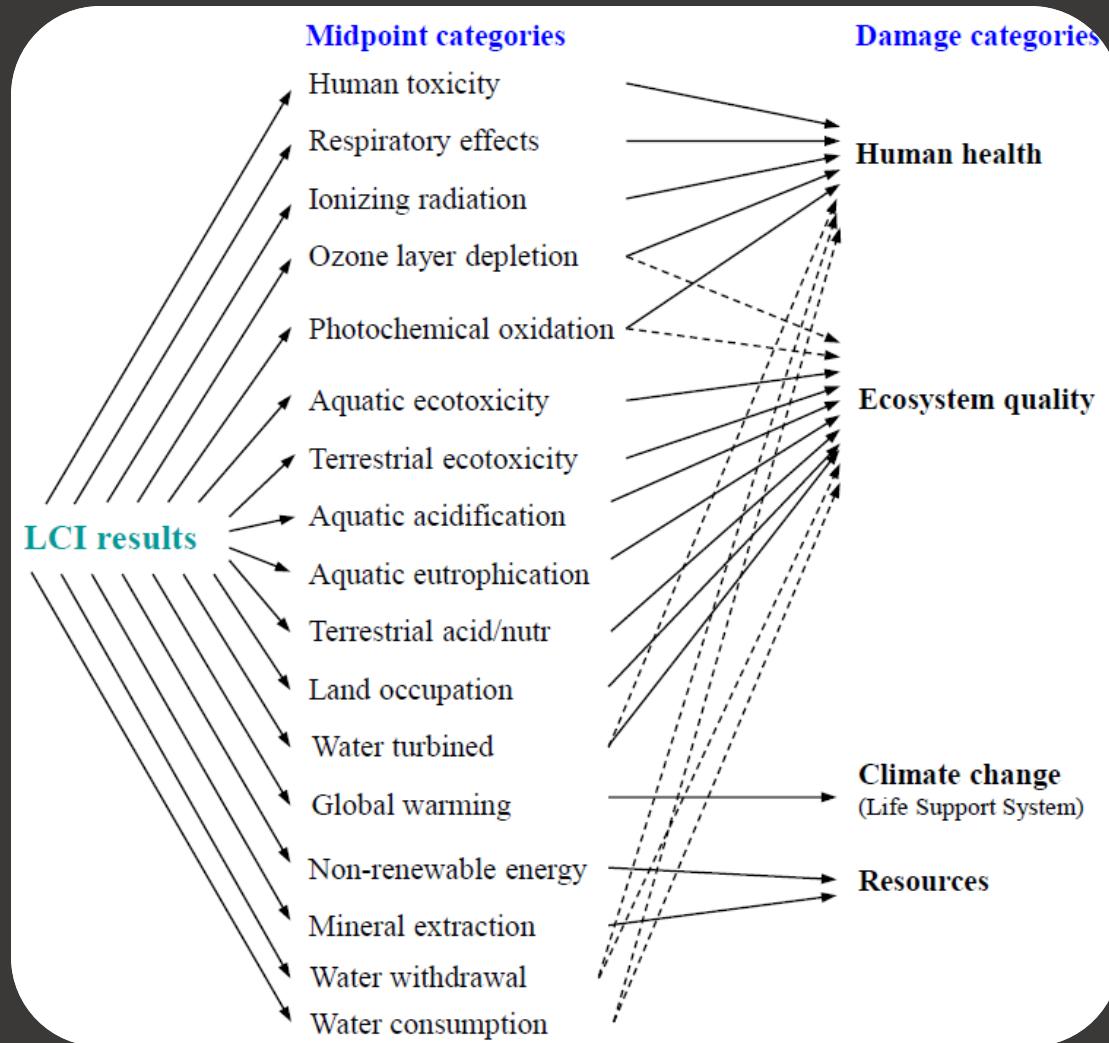
Table 1. Input and output flows for dairy processing in Canada, in 2006

Item	Unit	Amount	Source
Milk production and hauling			
Raw milk production, at farm	L	7,410,083,200	Dairyinfo, 2011
Loss at farm and during hauling	%	0.9	Calculated from balance
Average hauling distance	km	176.4	FPLQ, 2007
Average volume per haul	L	16,934	FPLQ, 2007
Dairy processing input			
Raw milk ¹	L	7,392,032,100	Dairyinfo, 2011
Electricity	MWh	916,148	CIEEDAC, 2010
Natural gas	TJ	6,418	CIEEDAC, 2010
Heavy fuel oil	TJ	213.2	CIEEDAC, 2010
Middle distillates	TJ	225.2	CIEEDAC, 2010
Propane	TJ	4.1	CIEEDAC, 2010
Water use	kg/kg of raw milk	1.5	Kershaw and Gaffel, 2008
Sodium hydroxide	mg/kg of raw milk	897	Kershaw and Gaffel, 2008
Nitric acid	mg/kg of raw milk	285	Kershaw and Gaffel, 2008
Sulfuric acid	mg/kg of raw milk	436	Kershaw and Gaffel, 2008
Phosphoric acid	mg/kg of raw milk	63	Kershaw and Gaffel, 2008
Refrigerant make-up (HCFC-22)	mg/kg of raw milk	7.13E-04	Nutter et al., 2009
Dairy processing output			
Cheese	kt	547.8	Dairyinfo, 2011
Cottage	kt	27.8	Dairyinfo, 2011
Creams	kt	238.7	Dairyinfo, 2011
Sour cream	kt	46.0	Dairyinfo, 2011
Yogurt	kt	243.6	Dairyinfo, 2011
Fluid milks	kt	2,809.3	Dairyinfo, 2011
Buttermilk	kt	14.1	Dairyinfo, 2011
Frozen dairy products	kt	237.0	Dairyinfo, 2011
Powders	kt	102.2	Dairyinfo, 2011
Concentrated milks	kt	45.8	Dairyinfo, 2011
Butter	kt	78.8	Dairyinfo, 2011
Wastewater	kg/kg of raw milk	1.7	Kershaw and Gaffel, 2008
Refrigerant (HCFC-22)	mg/kg of raw milk	7.13E-04	Nutter et al., 2009

¹Raw milk at 3.7% fat; specific gravity: 1.031 kg/L.

Environmental impact

LIFE CYCLE IMPACT ASSESSMENT



Environmental impact



Impact par étapes du cycle de vie

Agriculture



Transformation



Emballage



Transport



Supermarché et distribution



Consommation



Agribalyse 3.1

Value assessment



Monetary value (net profit, production cost),

Physical value (units or volume of production)

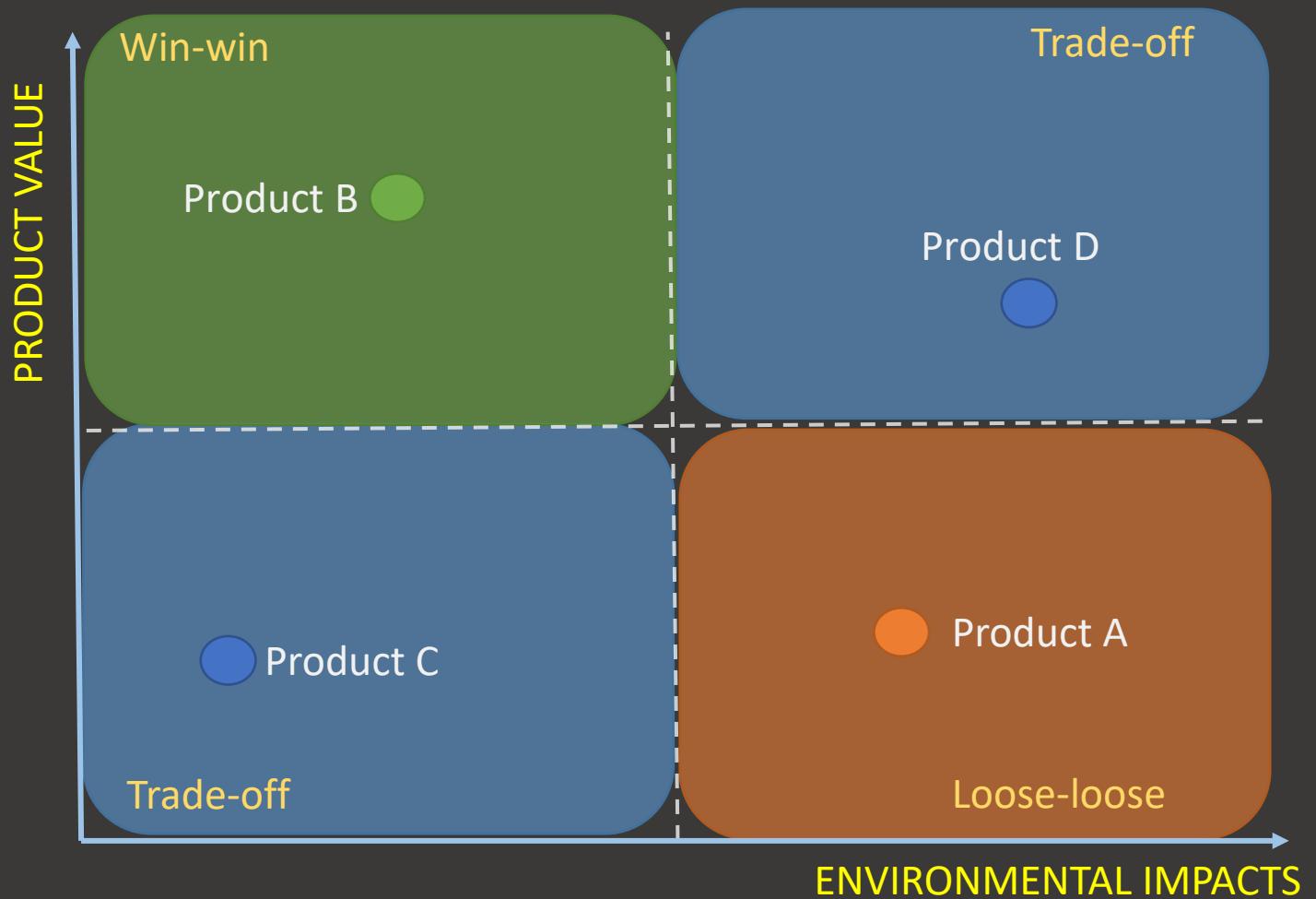
Functional value (nutritional quality, health benefit effects)

Aesthetic value (product appearance)

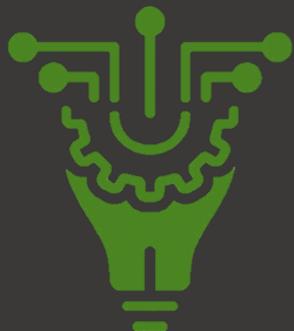


Eco-efficiency

$$\text{Eco-efficiency} = \frac{\text{Value of the product or service}}{\text{Environmental impacts}}$$



Sustainable development



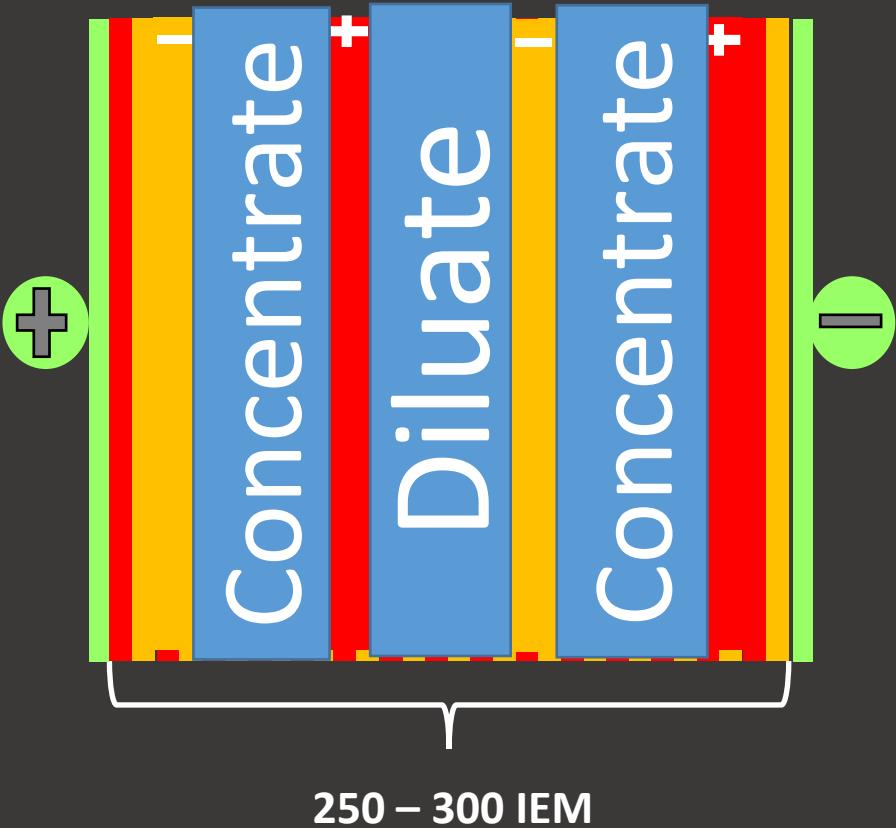
Technological innovation

NEEDS

IMPACTS



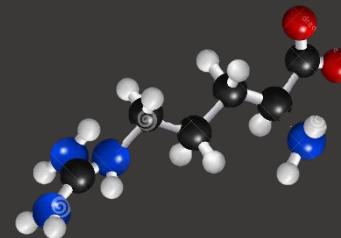
Electrodialysis



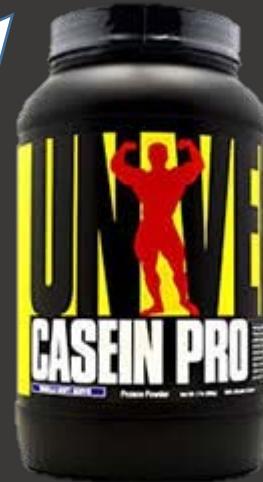
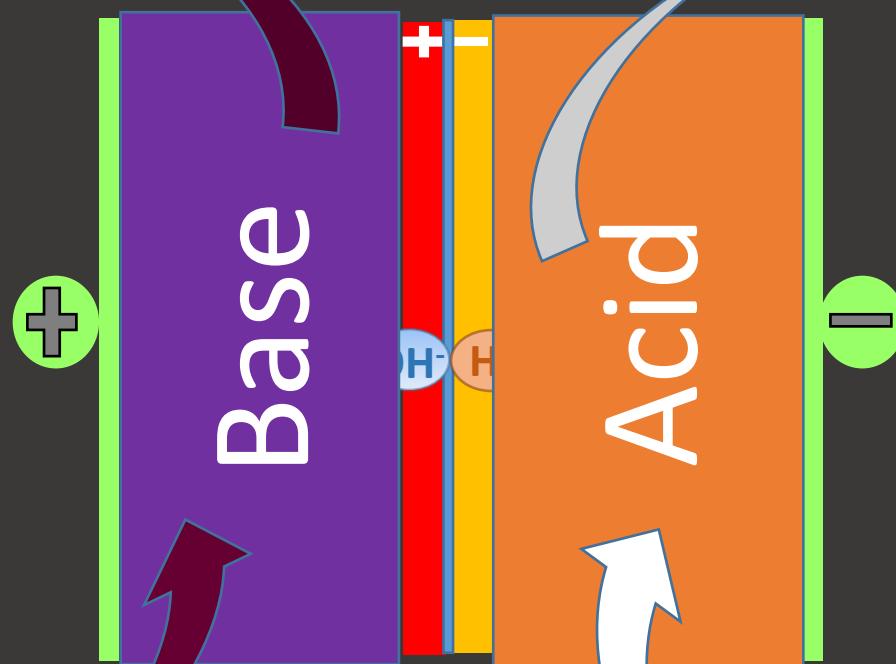
- Purification
- Concentration
- Modification



- Separation

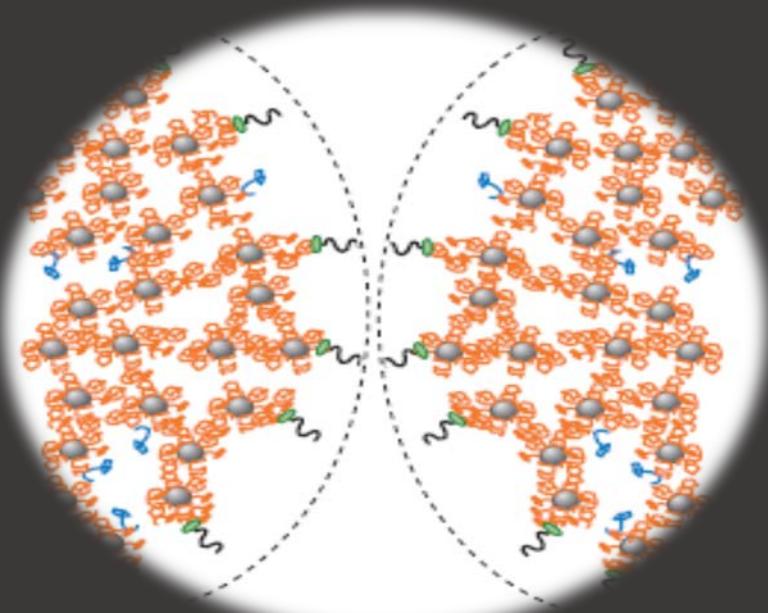
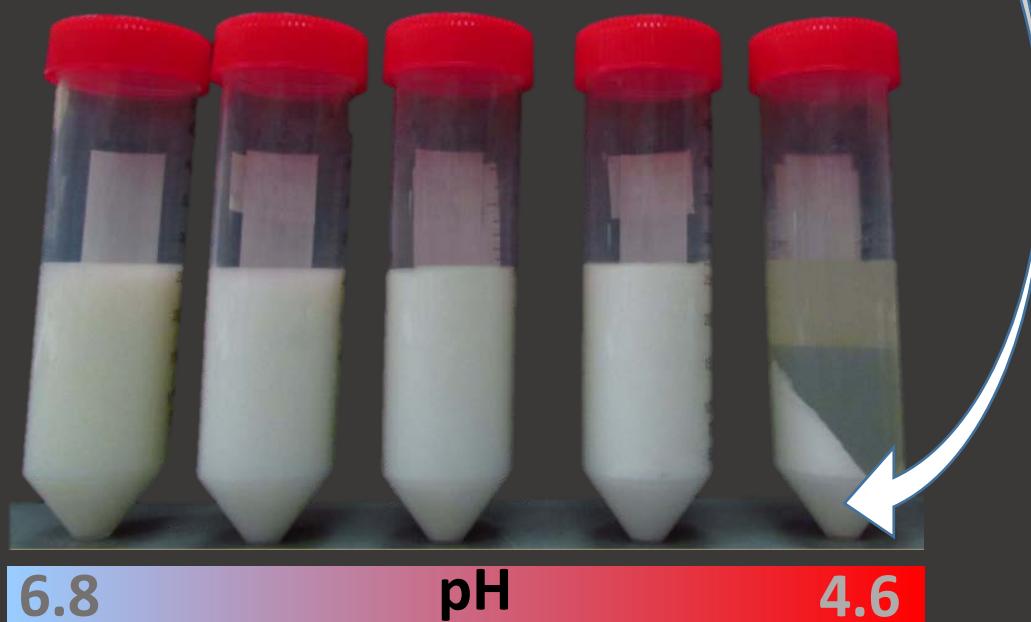
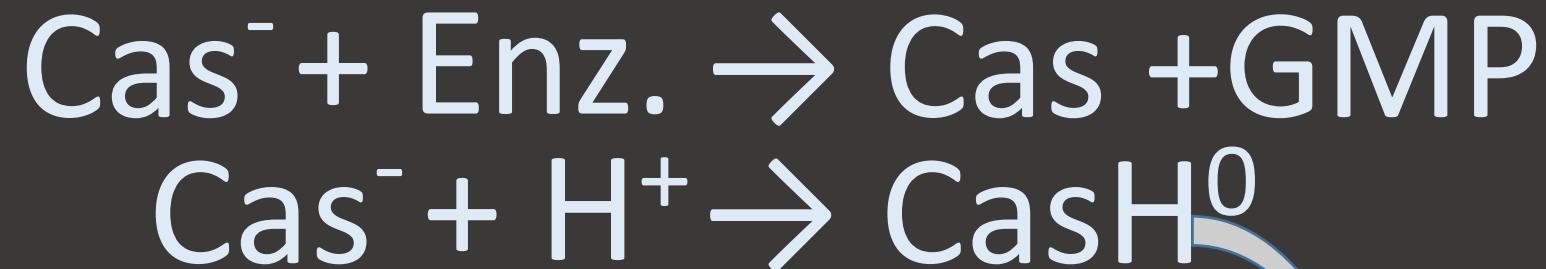


Electrodialysis



M.Fidaelio et al. (2006), Bazinet et al. (2004)

Electrodialysis

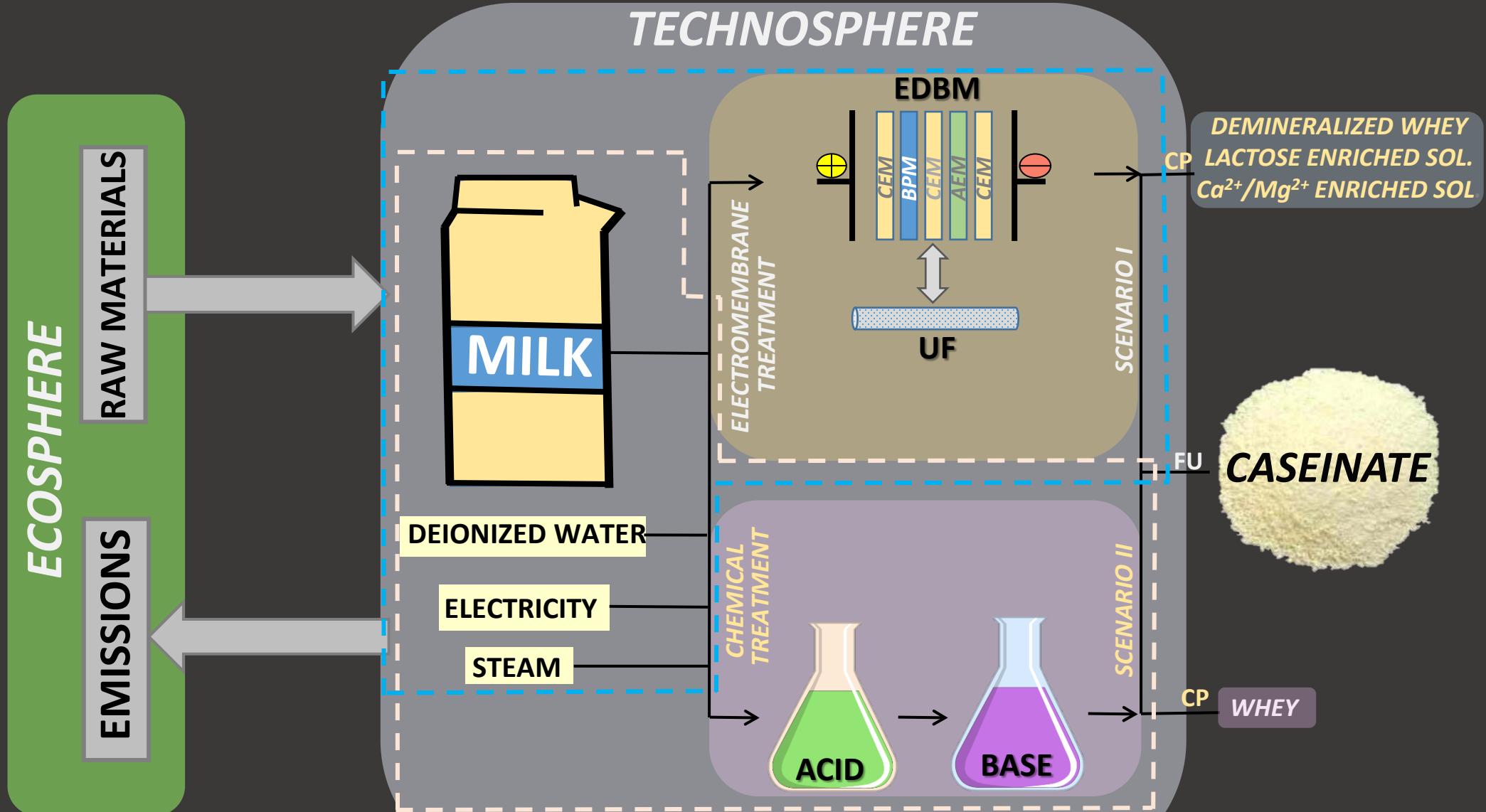


Inorganic acid

Lactobacteria

Electrodialysis

Electrodialysis

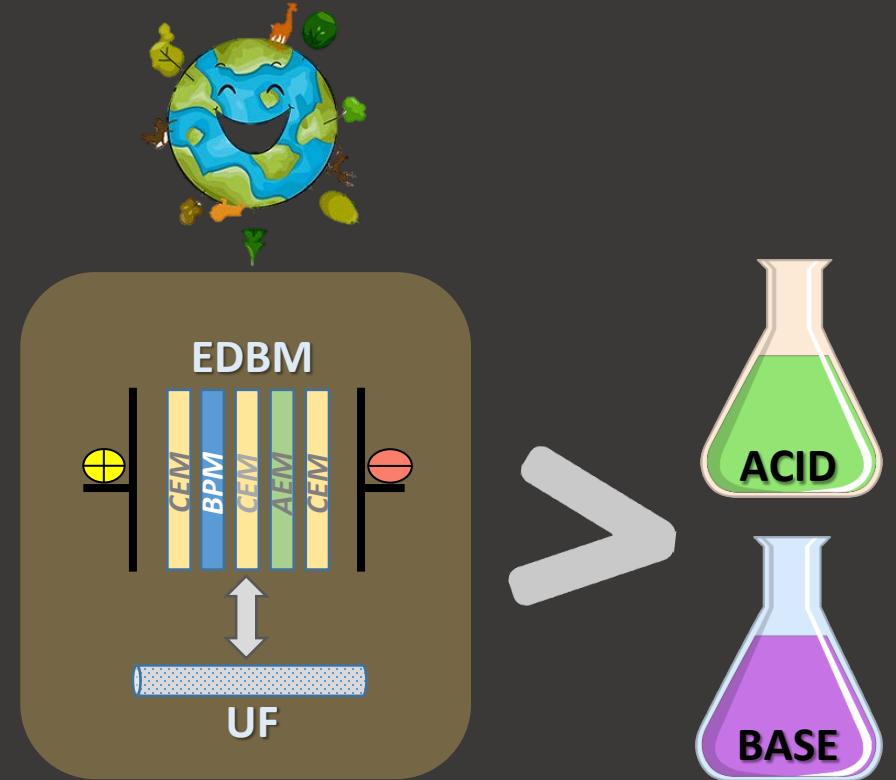
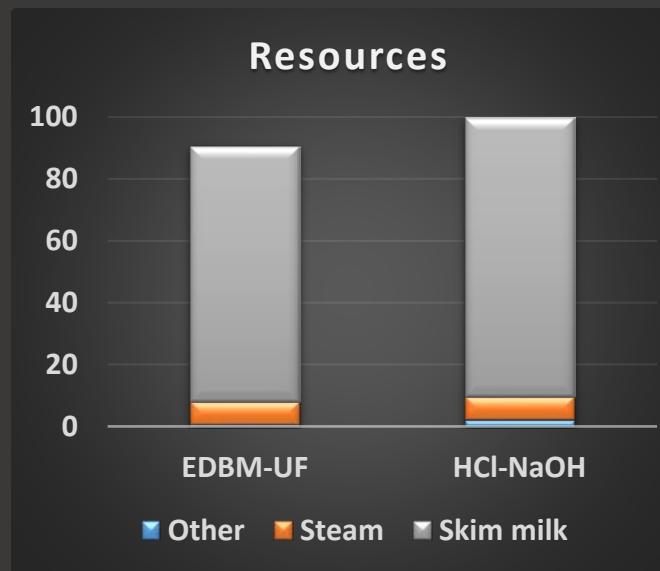
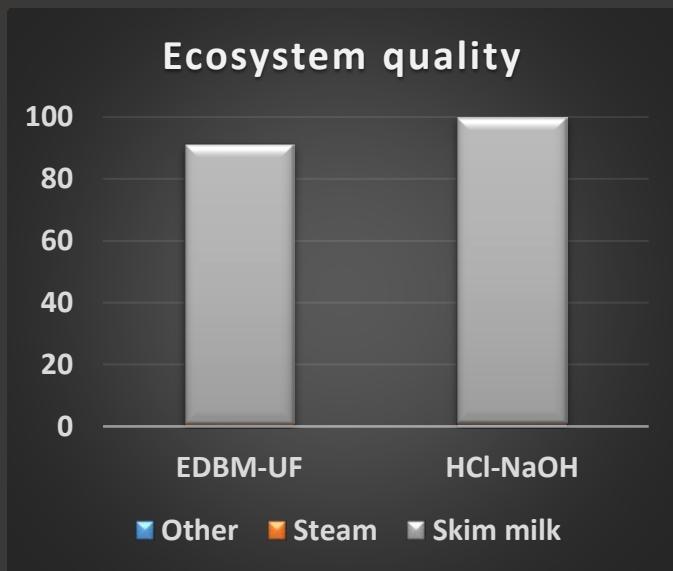
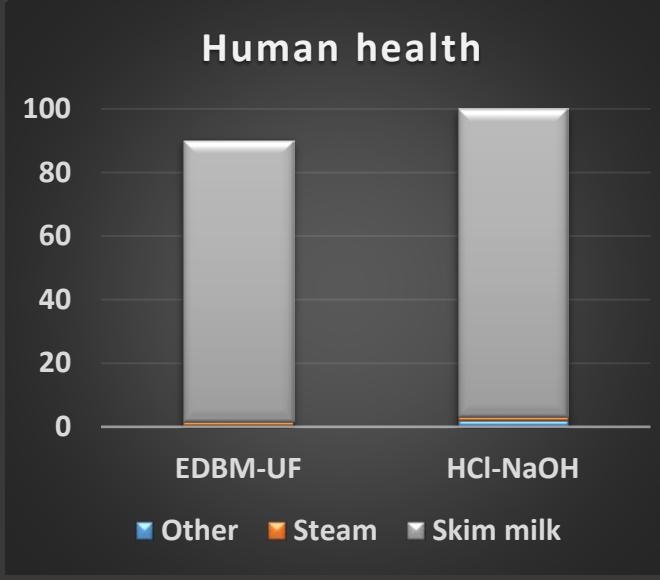
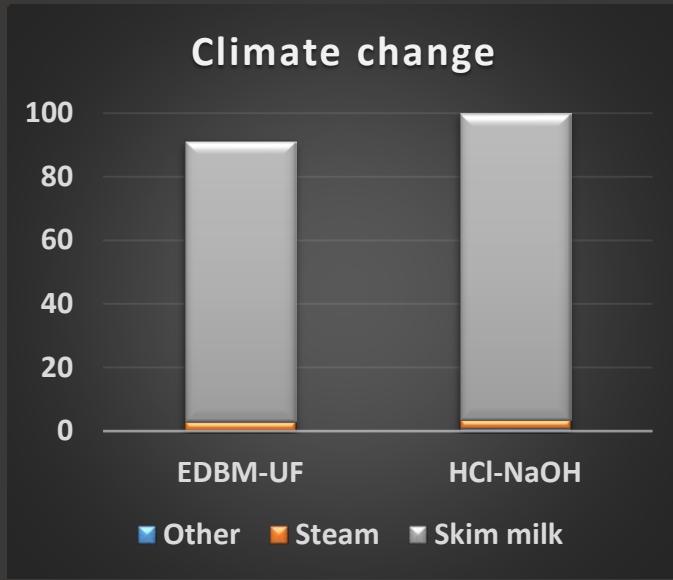


Laurent Bazinet



*Rosie
Deschênes Gagnon*

Electrodialysis



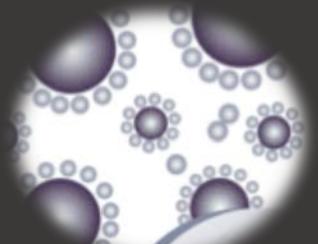
Eco-efficiency Chemical

EDBM-UF

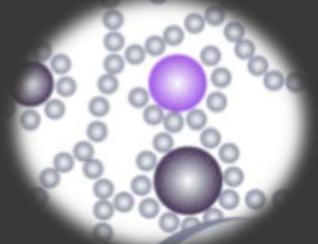


Production
costs ?

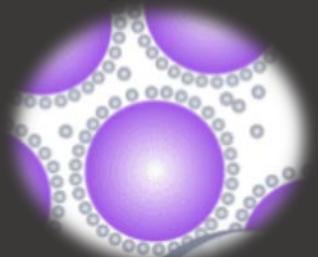
emulsion



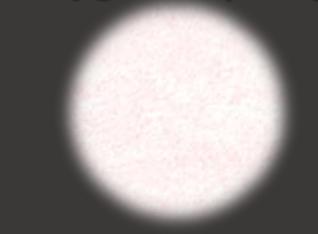
gel



foam



hygroscopicity



More stable



1.2 X



Eco-efficiency



1100 \$US/ton



P - 13
L - 75
M - 8



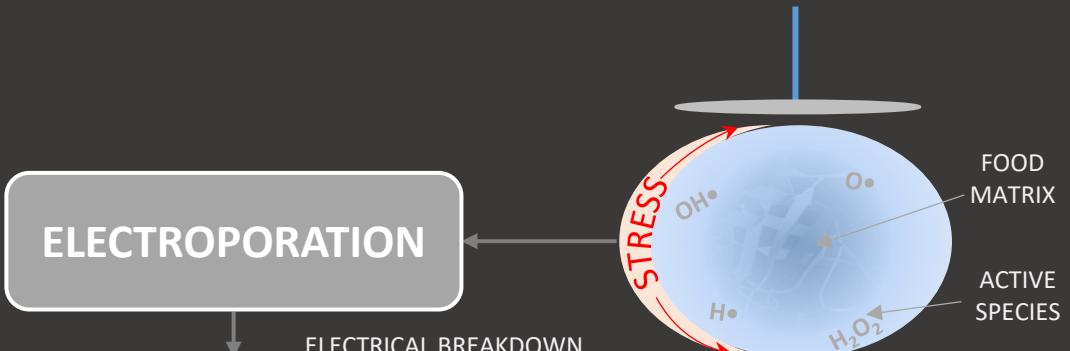
P - 34
L - 53
M - 7

2700 \$US/ton

IMPACTS

Pulsed Electric Field

PULSED ELECTRIC FIELD



ELECTROPORATION

ELECTRICAL BREAKDOWN

EXTRACELLULAR
SPACE

CELL
MEMBRANE

INTRACELLULAR
SPACE

IMPACT ON MICROORGANISMS

- Cold pasteurization
- Promotion of growth

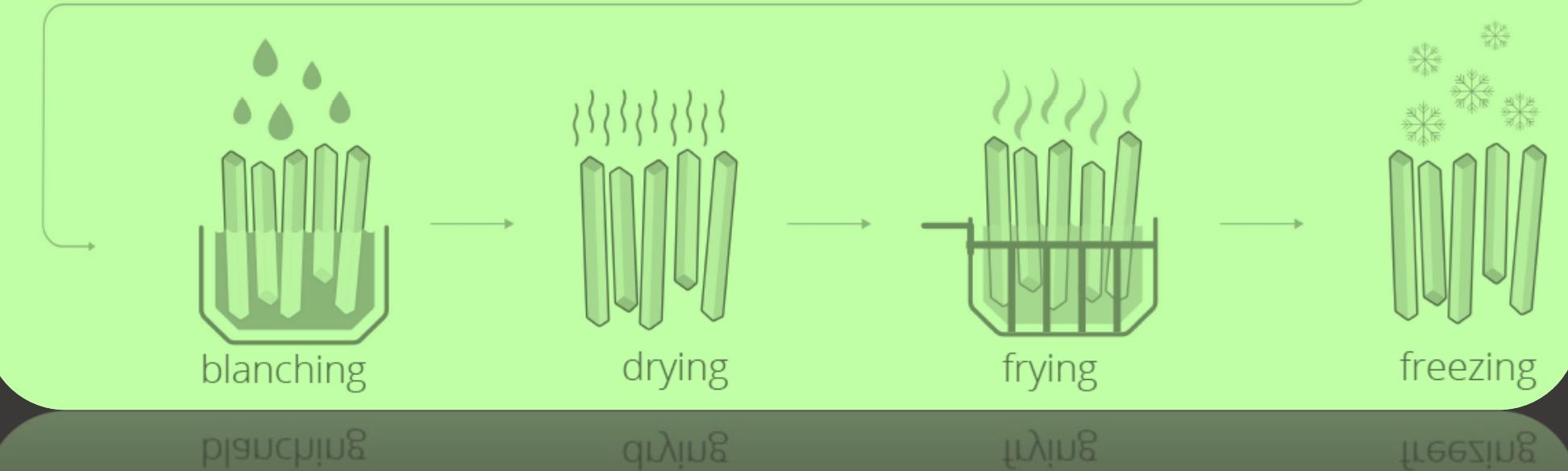
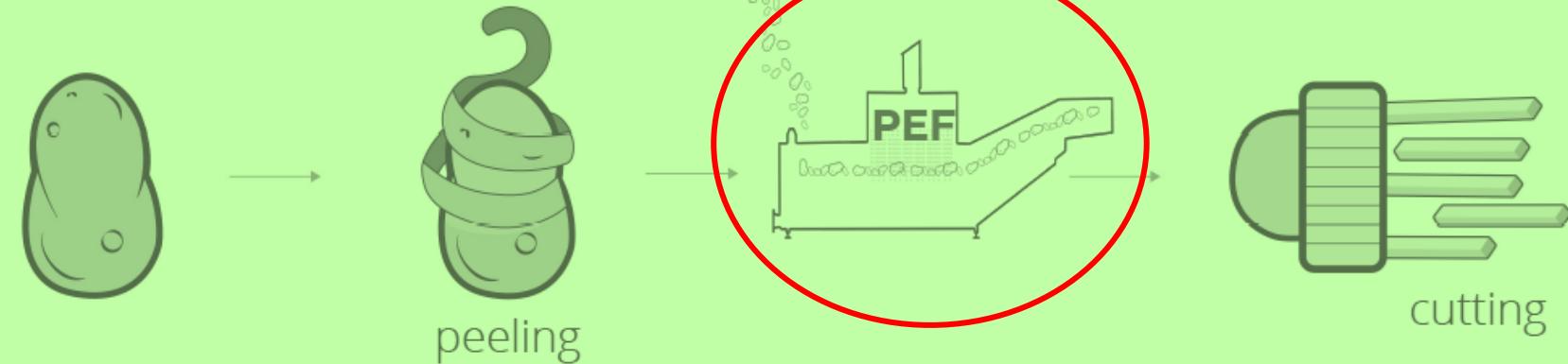
IMPROVEMENT OF MASS TRANSFER

- Extraction
- Tissue softening
- Drying
- Freezing

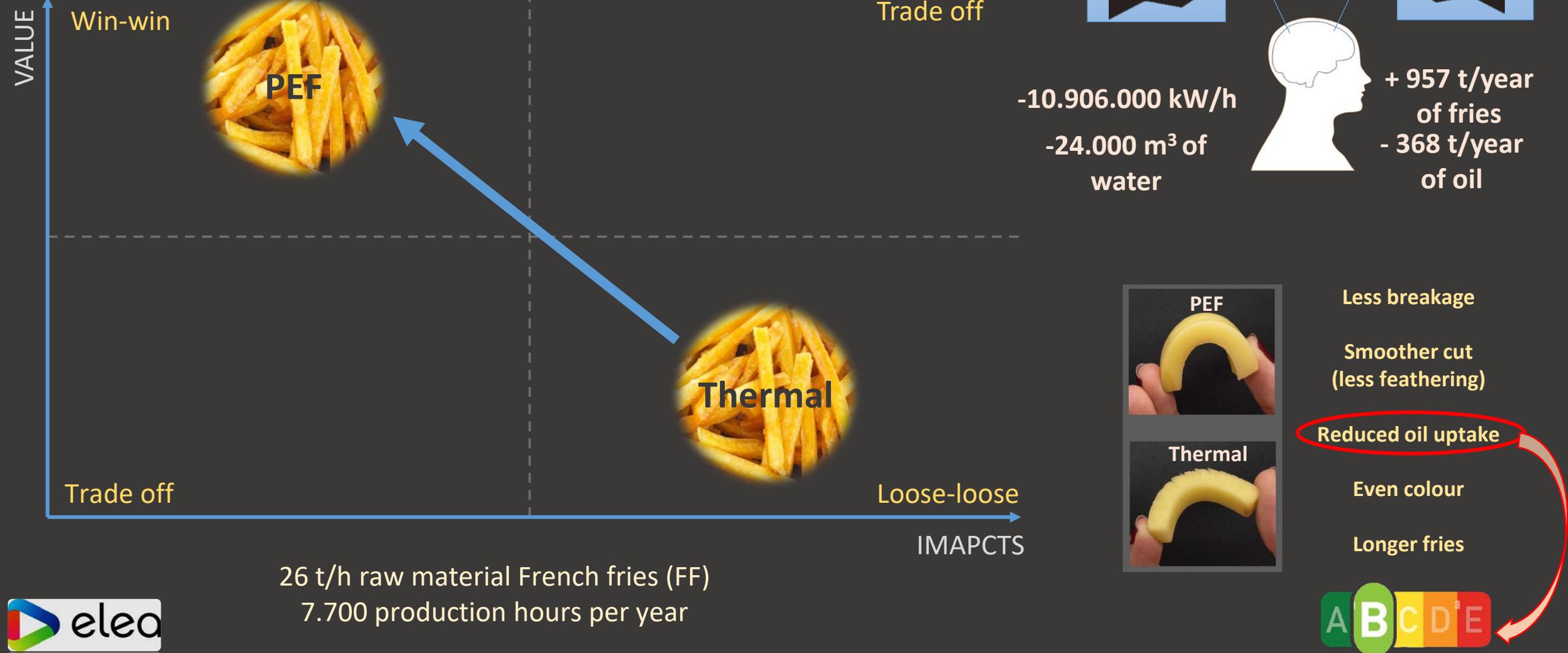


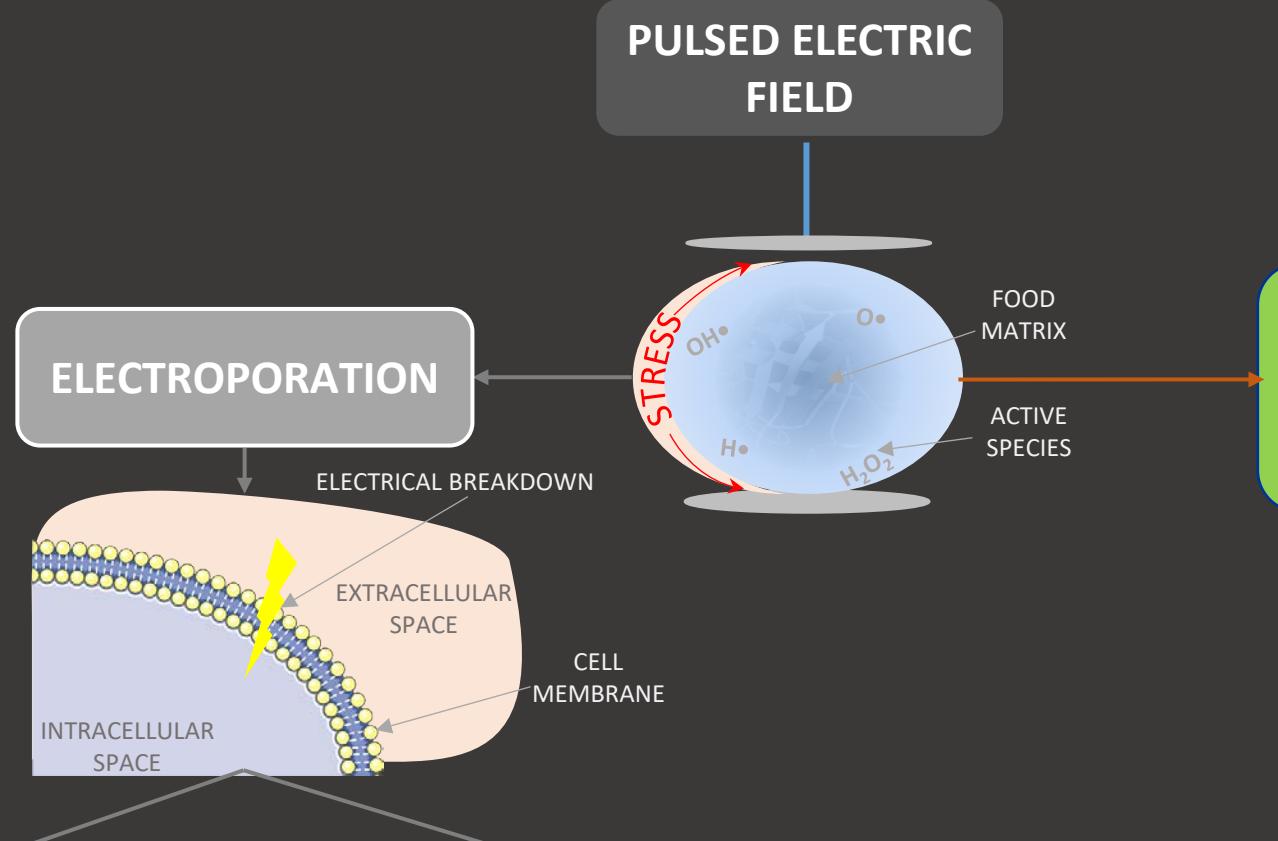
Pulsed Electric Field

French Fry process with PEF



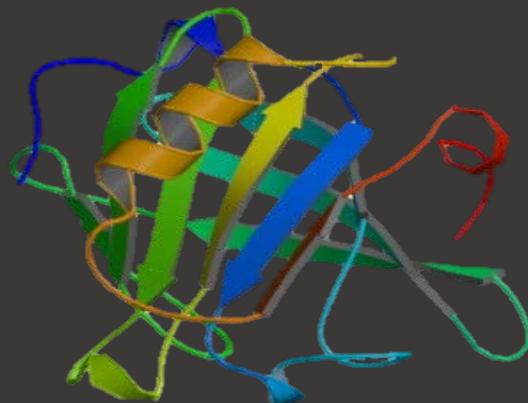
Eco-efficiency



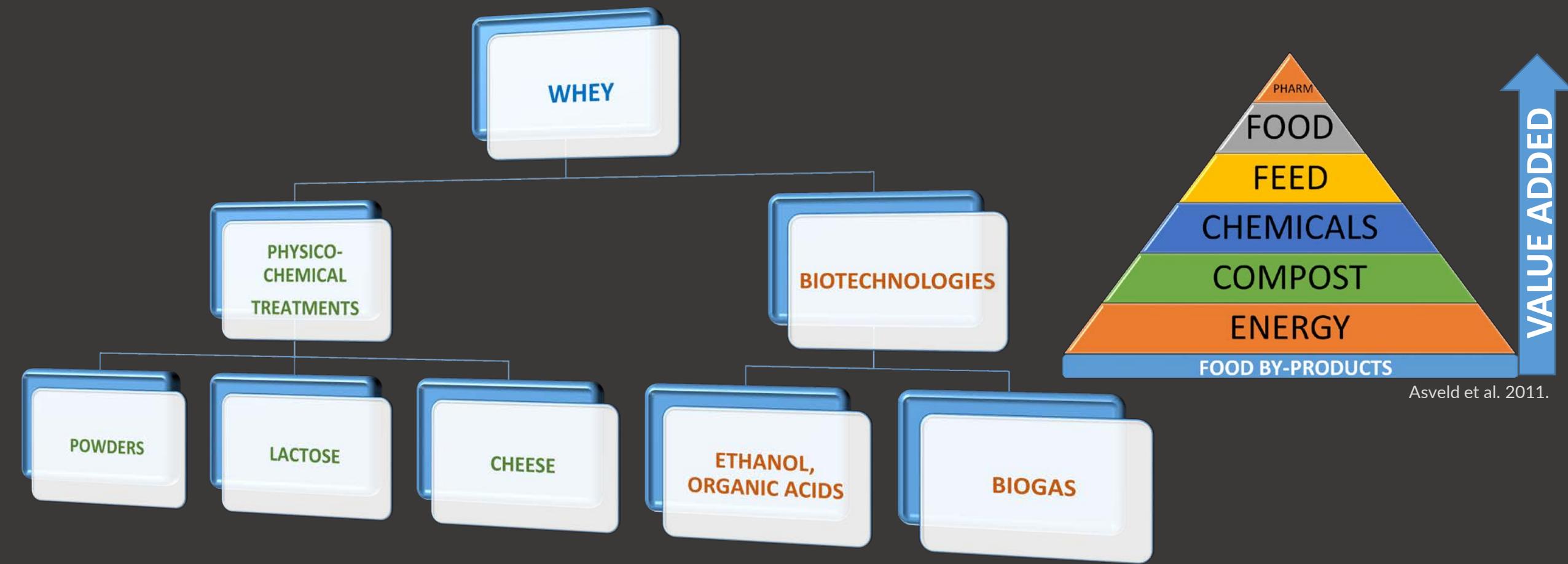


Influence on the structure and properties of food constituents

- Functionality improvement
- Reduction of allergenicity
- Improvement of interactions with other molecules



PROTEINS

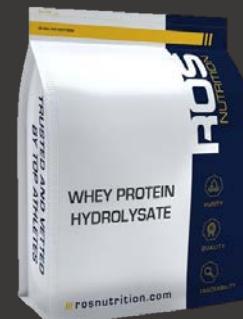


Asveld et al. 2011.

ENZYMIC HYDROLYSIS OF PROTEINS

Market demand for whey protein hydrolysate was estimated at more than 302 million USD in 2018

Global Market Insights, Inc.

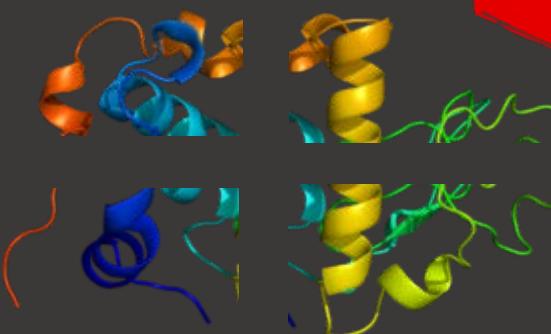
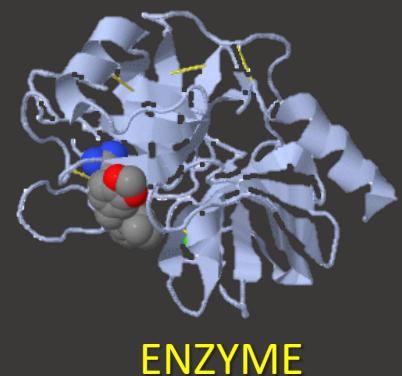
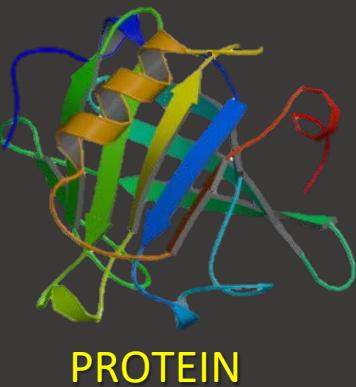


Infant formula

Sport nutrition

HIGH VOLTAGE
ELECTRICAL
TREATMENTS

↑ EFFICIENCY

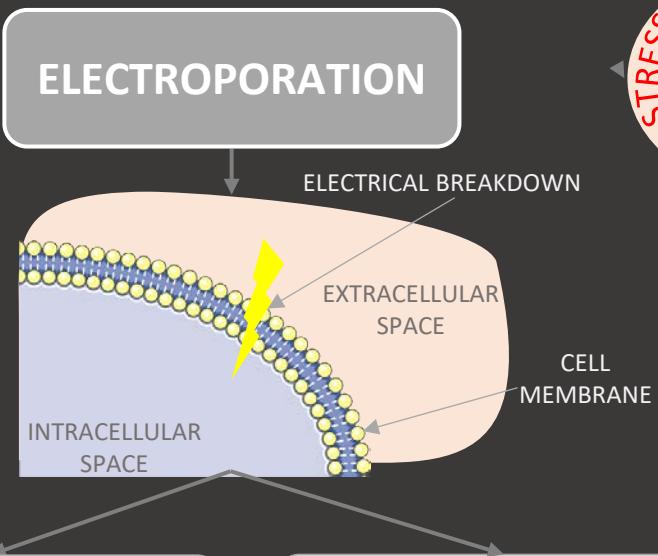


P^- P^+
 P^\pm P^\pm
 P^- P^\pm
 P^\pm P^+



ACCESSIBILITY OF ACTIVE SITES IN THE PROTEIN FOR ENZYMATIC ACTION...

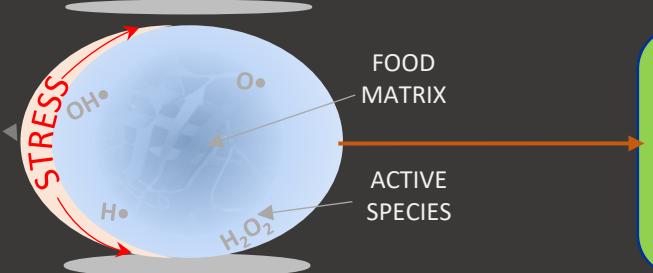
PULSED ELECTRIC FIELD



INACTIVATION OF MICROORGANISMS

- Cold pasteurization

- Extraction
- Tissue softening
- Drying
- Freezing



Influence on the structure
and properties of food
constituents?



β -lactoglobulin

HIGH VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL TREATMENT



HYDROLYSIS
Trypsin
(2 hours)



Eugène Vorobiev



Nabil Grimi



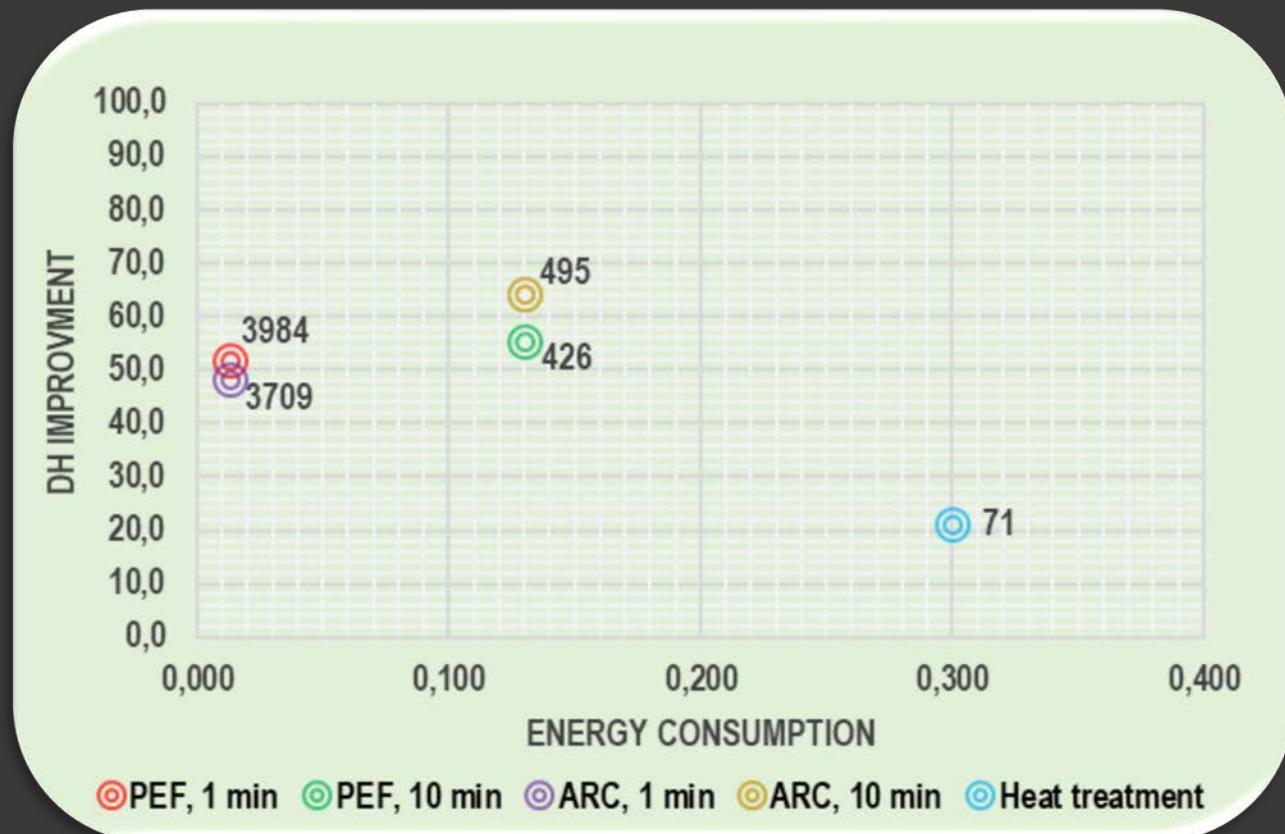
Nadia Boussetta



Rock-Seth Agoua

High voltage electrical treatments

$$EE = \frac{DH \text{ improvement}}{\text{Energy consumption}}$$

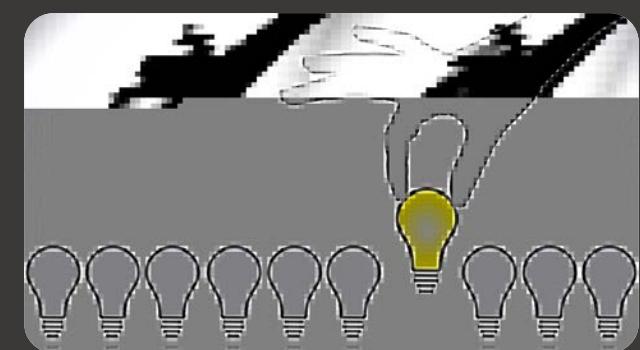
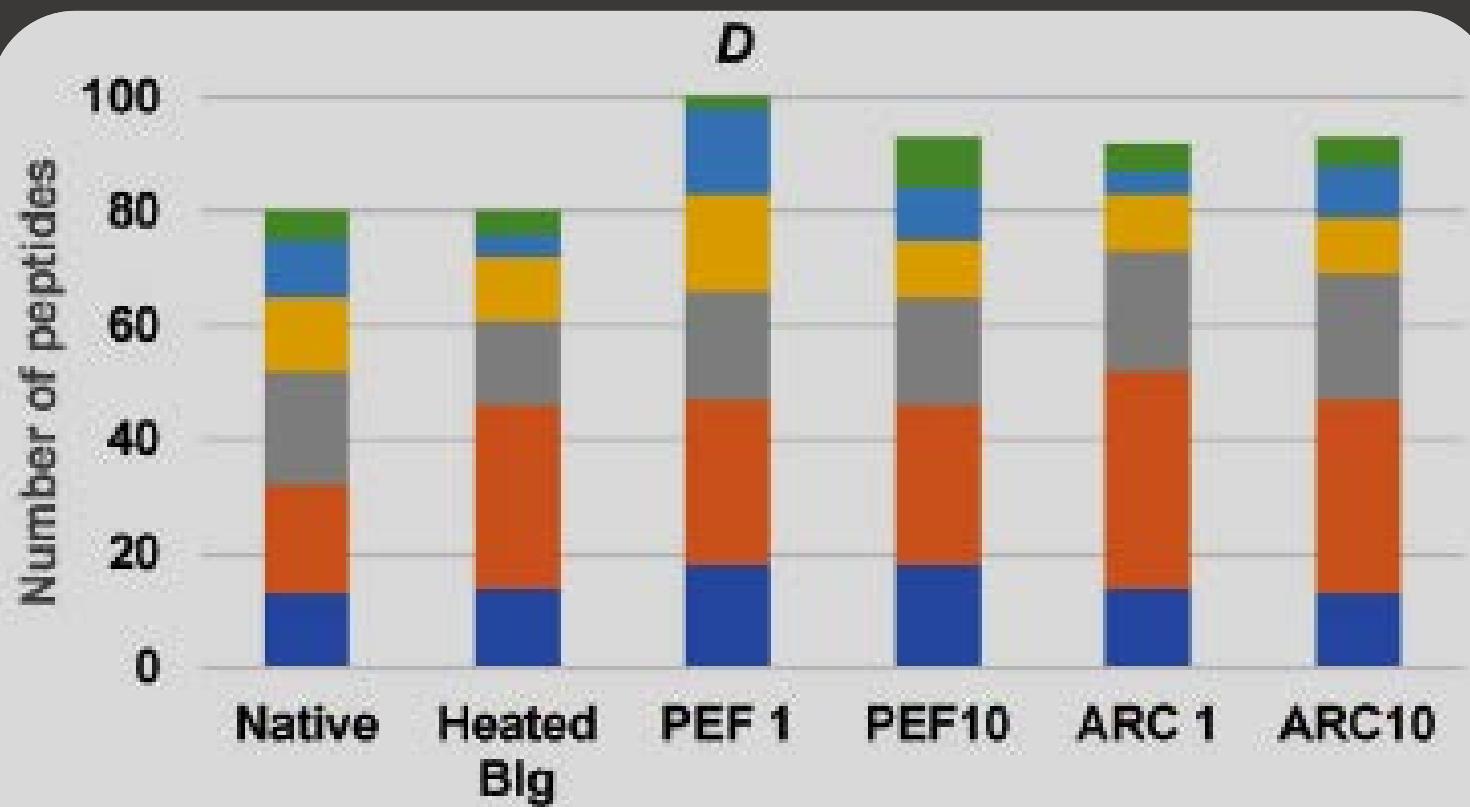


Eco-efficiency assessment of β -lg heated up to 85°C and pretreated with HVET after chymotrypsinolysis. The value beside each point of the graph represents the eco-efficiency score



High voltage electrical treatments

Identification des peptides



Brewer's spent grain



- Preservation pathways
- Functionality of proteins
- Bioactive potential



Émilie Korbel



Samira Rousselière



Gaëlle Petit



Sylvie Turgeon



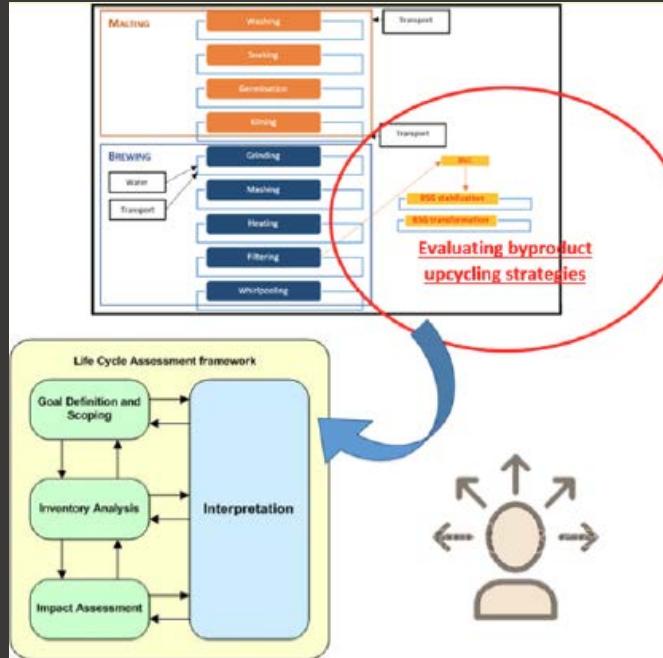
Rozenn Ravallec



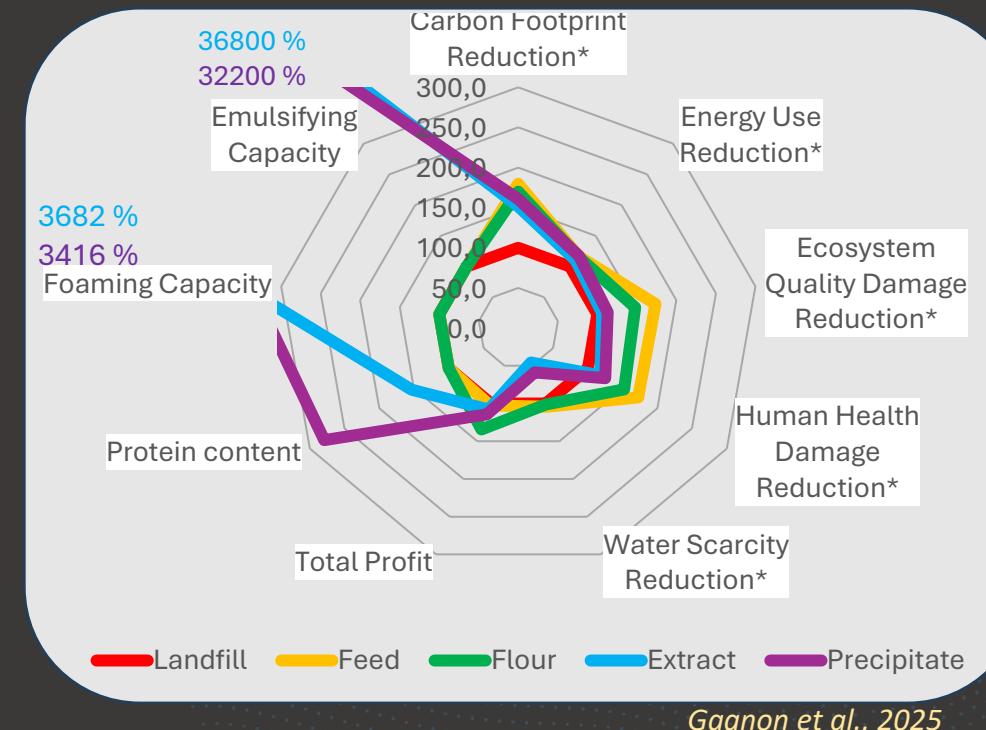
Eya Rouissi



Jonathan Gagnon

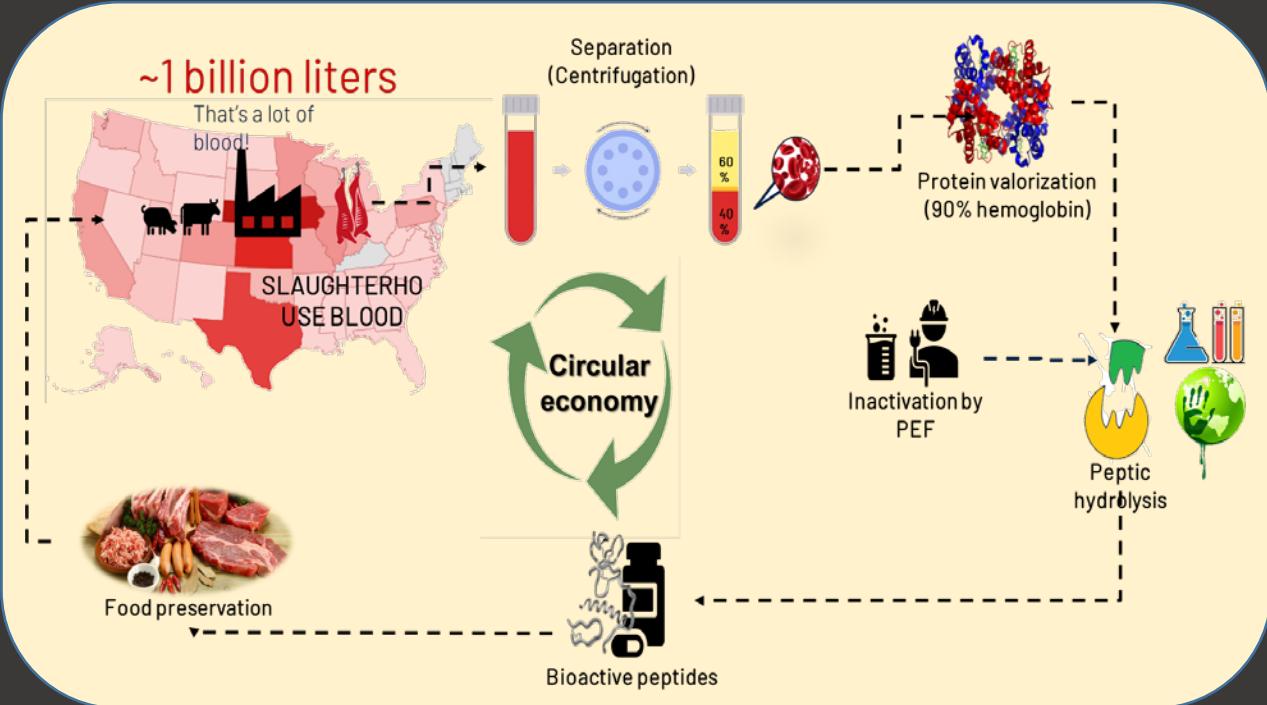


Petit et al., 2021



Gagnon et al., 2025

Valorization of by-products



Ismail Fliss



Laurent Bazinet



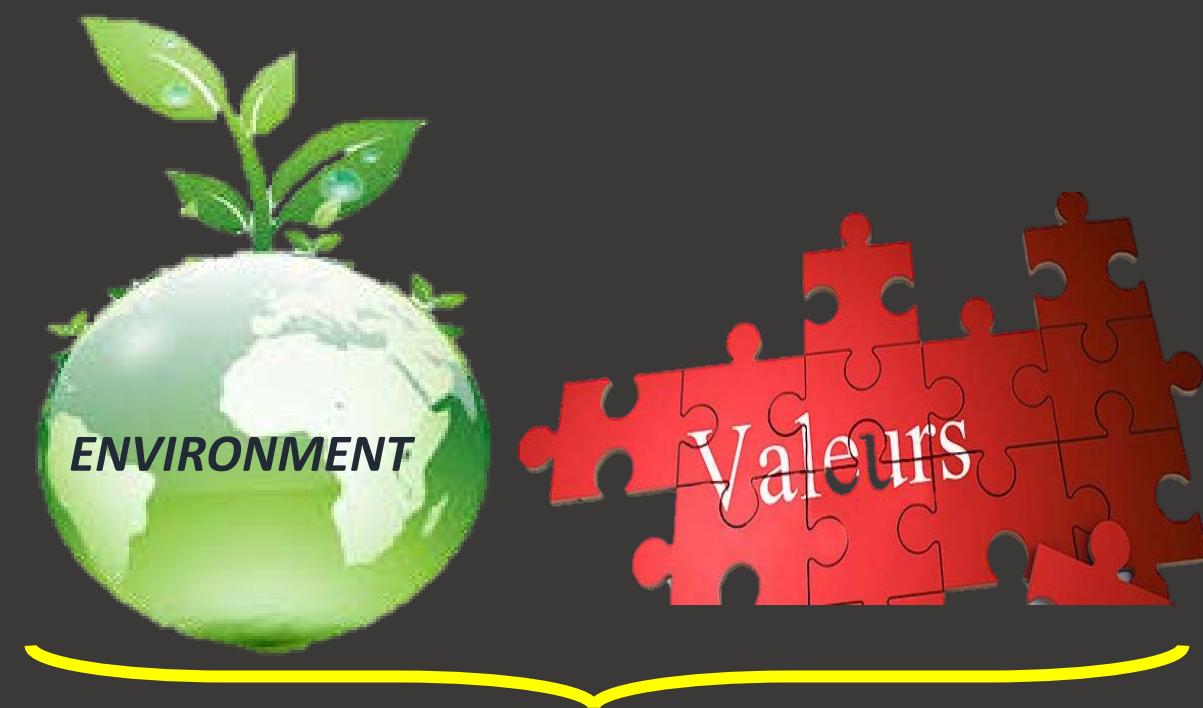
Zain
Sanchez Reinoso



Delassa Rahimi



Houssine Fliss



ECO-EFFICIENCY

operationalization

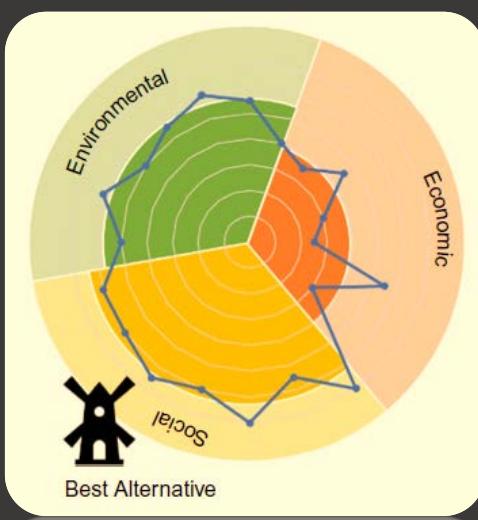
Sustainable development

Challenges of emergent technologies



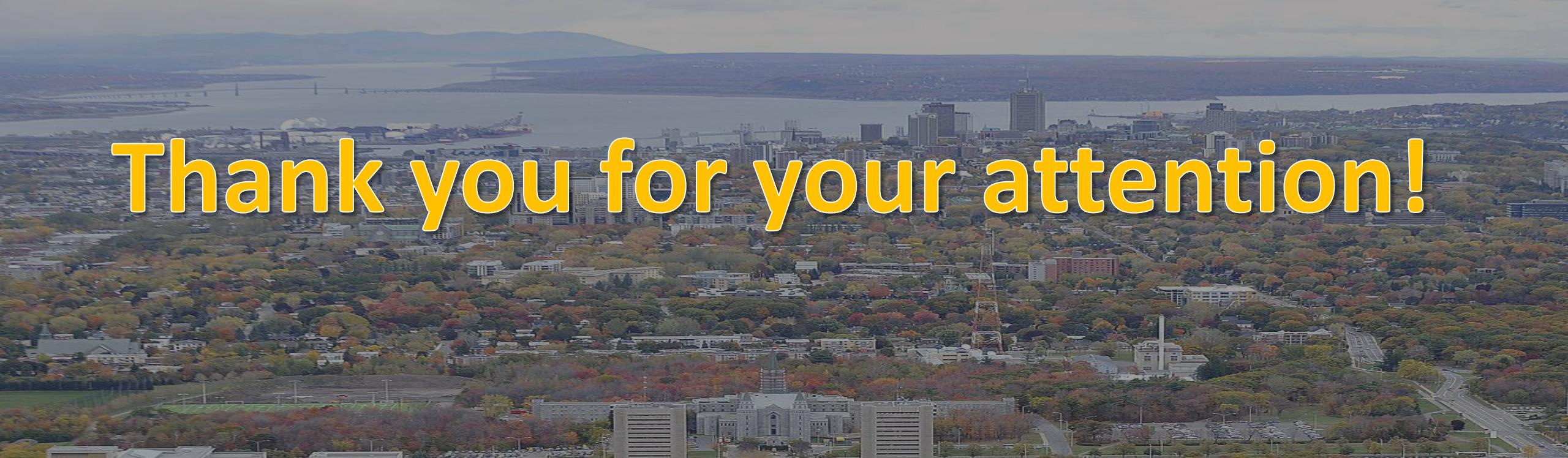
Multicriteria aspect of sustainability assessment

Methodological issues of sustainability assessment (e.g. lack of uniformity between different available tools, data availability and transparency, extrapolation of results from lab to industrial scale, geographical location)



Particular challenge is considering social aspects (impacts on human capital, human well-being, cultural heritage, and social behavior)

Thank you for your attention!



ecofoodlab.fsaa.ulaval.ca

