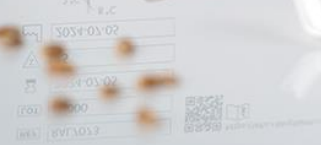
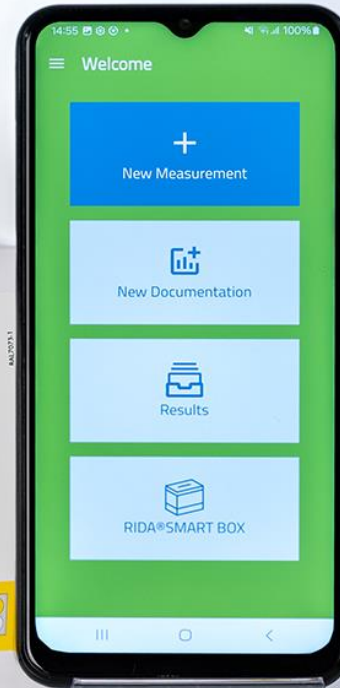


Integrated Gluten Management

Johanna Meder

February 2025

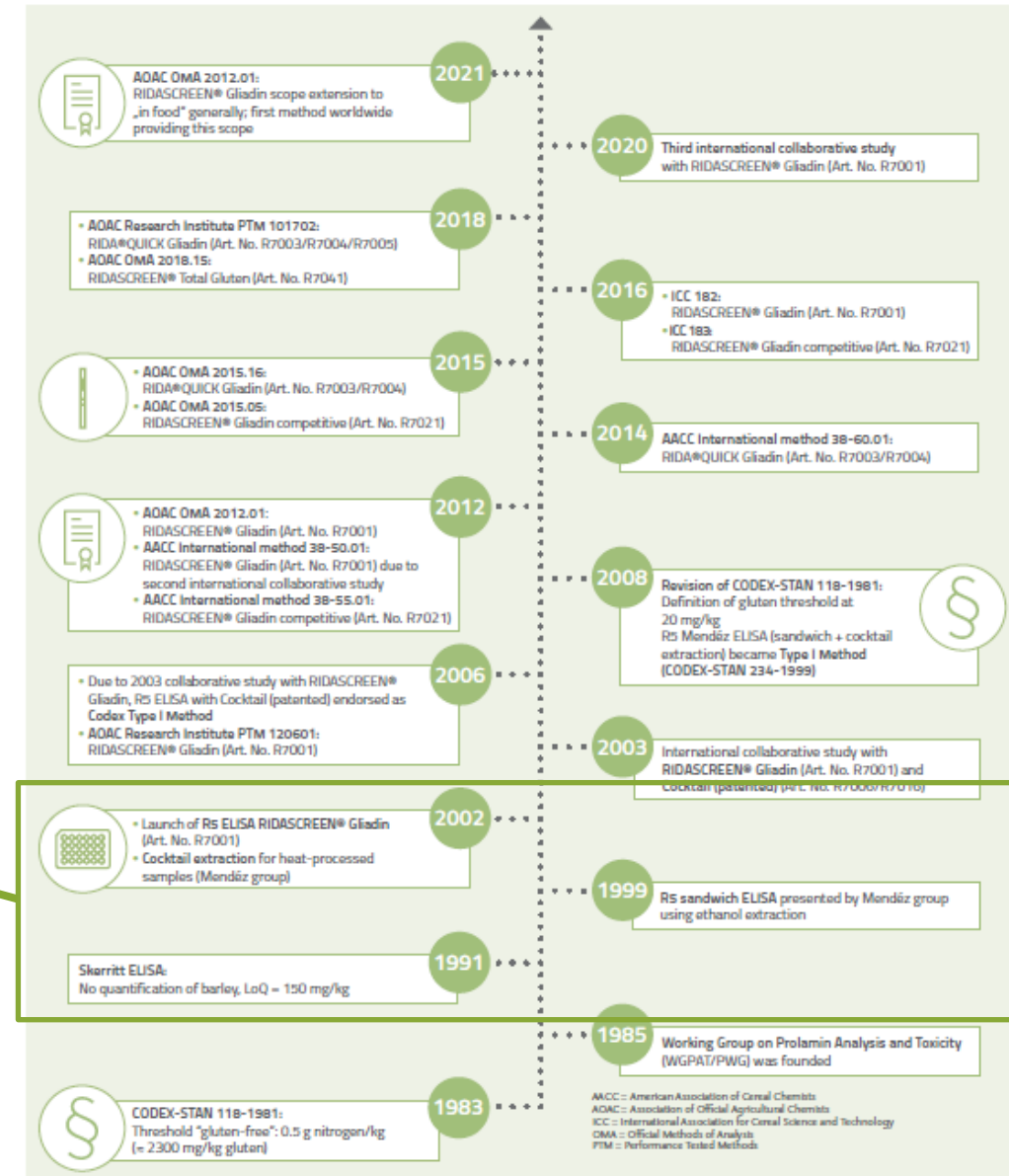
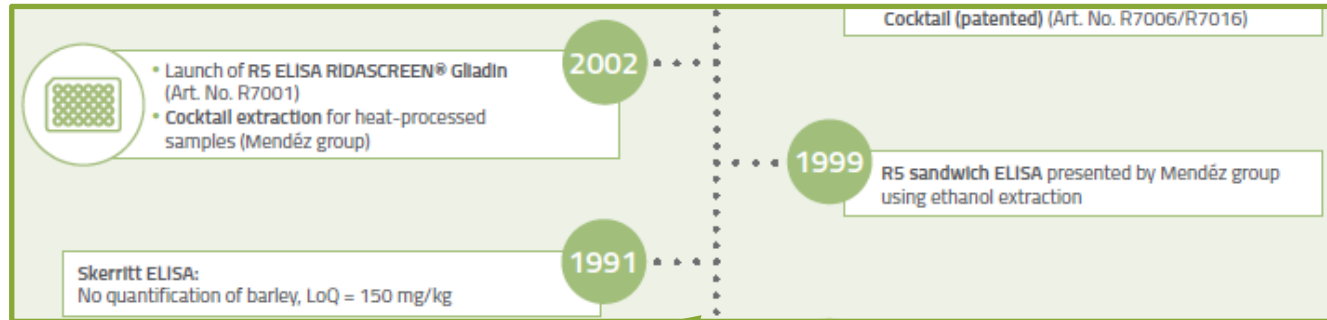


- History of gluten and Codex Alimentarius
- Methods for gluten detection
- Integrated Gluten Management
 - RIDASCREEN®Gliadin
 - RIDASCREEN®EASY Gluten
 - RIDA®QUICK Gluten quant.

History of gluten



R5 methods: a history of internationally accepted gluten analysis





Innovative approach to low-level gluten determination in foods using a novel sandwich enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay protocol

Israel Valdés, Enrique García, Mercedes Llorente and Enrique Méndez

European Journal of Gastroenterology & Hepatology 2003, 15:465–474

Keywords: gliadin, gluten, coeliac disease, toxic epitope, ELISA

Unidad de Gluten, Centro Nacional de Biotecnología, Madrid, Spain.

This work was supported by grants from the Ministerio de Ciencia y Tecnología (95-0304-0P PETRI), BIO2000-0403-P4-03 and PTRI1 995-0565-OP.

Correspondence to Prof. Dr Enrique Méndez, Unidad de Gluten, Centro Nacional de Biotecnología, 28049 Canto Blanco, Madrid, Spain.

Tel: +34 91 585 4842; fax: +34 91 585 4506; e-mail: emendez@cnb.uam.es

Received 5 September 2002 Revised 6 November 2002

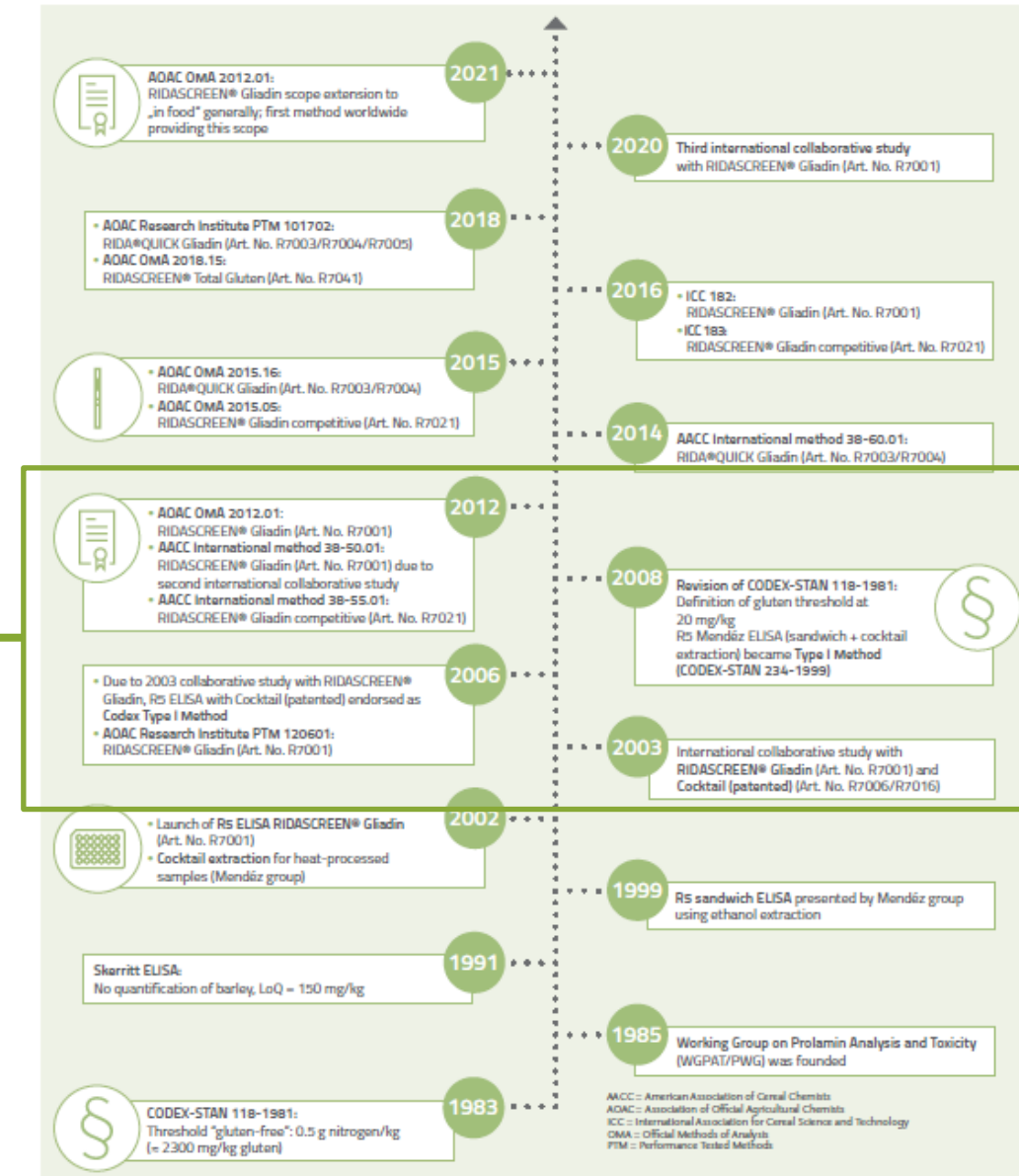
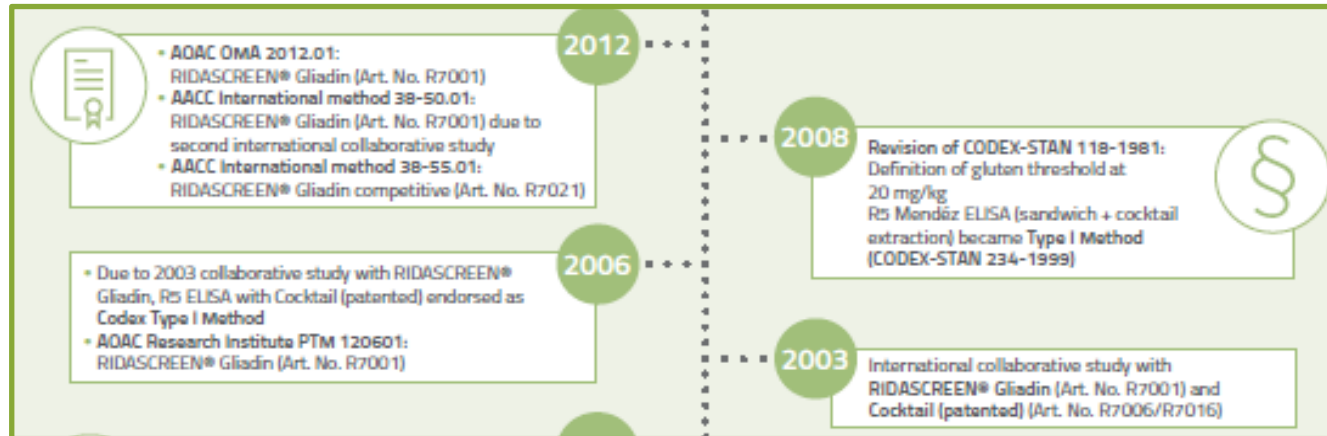
Accepted 27 November 2002

The method proposed here is also a simple sandwich ELISA, which uses the monoclonal antibody R5 employed as the coating antibody in our original ELISA [4]. The most remarkable feature of this new system is that a single antibody serves as both coating agent and conjugate to HRP for detection. The system's detec-

Independently of the ELISA method used, the main difficulty when analysing cooked foods is that the system needs to be able to extract quantitatively the insoluble aggregated α - and γ -subfractions and also denatured fractions. The use of the new quantitative cocktail extraction procedure [9] and R5-ELISA fulfils both these requirements. As demonstrated here, the cocktail extraction procedure for heat-processed food samples has the advantage that aggregated α - and γ -fractions are solubilized and extracted and can still react specifically with R5. Heat treatment leaves



R5 methods: a history of internationally accepted gluten analysis



RECOMMENDED METHODS OF ANALYSIS AND SAMPLING

CXS 234-1999¹

Adopted in 1999

¹ The most updated version of the method should be used, in application of ISO/IEC 17025. The present list of methods reflects the amendments adopted by the 44th Session of the Codex Alimentarius Commission in 2021.

PART A – METHODS OF ANALYSIS BY COMMODITY CATEGORIES AND NAMES

Gluten-free foods	Gluten	Enzyme-Linked Immunoassay R5 Mendez (ELISA) Method <i>Eur J Gastroenterol Hepatol</i> 2003; 15: 465-474	Immunoassay	I
-------------------	--------	--	-------------	---

in 2008



Codex Alimentarius Type 1 method for gluten analysis in food

Standard CXS 234-1999 (adoption from 2019)

R5 ELISA

e.g. RIDASCREEN® Gliadin



Méndez Cocktail

marketed as
Cocktail (patented)
by R-Biopharm

Gluten in Codex Alimentarius



STANDARD FOR FOODS FOR SPECIAL DIETARY USE FOR PERSONS INTOLERANT TO GLUTEN

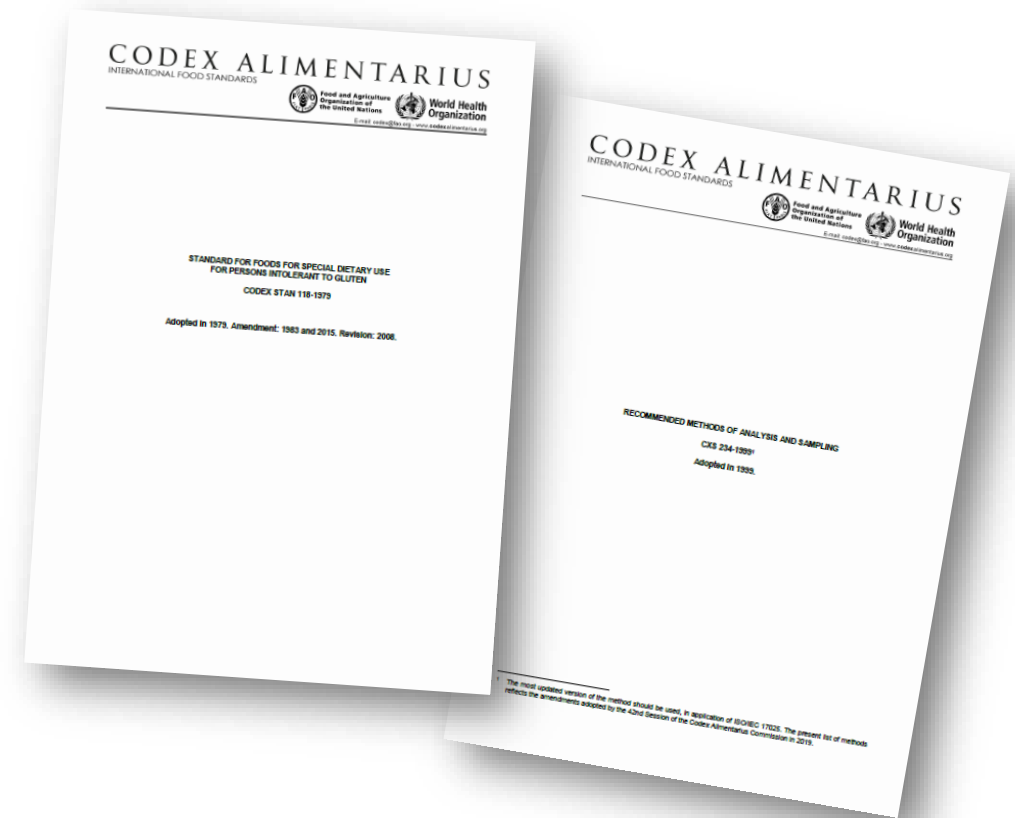
CODEX STAN 118-1979

Adopted in 1979. Amendment: 1983 and 2015. Revision: 2008.

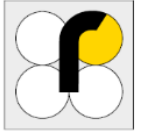
RECOMMENDED METHODS OF ANALYSIS AND SAMPLING

CXS 234-1999¹

Adopted in 1999.



¹ The most updated version of the method should be used, in application of ISO/IEC 17025. The present list of methods reflects the amendments adopted by the 42nd Session of the Codex Alimentarius Commission in 2019.



2.1.1 *Gluten-free foods*

Gluten-free foods are dietary foods

- a) consisting of or made only from one or more ingredients which do not contain wheat (i.e. all *Triticum* species, such as durum wheat, spelt, and khorasan wheat, which is also marketed under different trademarks such as KAMUT), rye, barley, oats¹ or their crossbred varieties, and the gluten level does not exceed 20 mg/kg in total, based on the food as sold or distributed to the consumer, and/or
- b) consisting of one or more ingredients from wheat (i.e. all *Triticum* species, such as durum wheat, spelt, and khorasan wheat, which is also marketed under different trademarks such as KAMUT), rye, barley, oats¹ or their crossbred varieties, which have been specially processed to remove gluten, and the gluten level does not exceed 20 mg/kg in total, based on the food as sold or distributed to the consumer.

2.2.2 *Prolamins*

Prolamins are defined as the fraction from gluten that can be extracted by 40 - 70% of ethanol. The prolamin from wheat is gliadin, from rye is secalin, from barley hordein and from oats¹ avenin.

It is however an established custom to speak of gluten sensitivity. The prolamin content of gluten is generally taken as 50%.

5.2 **Method for determination of gluten**

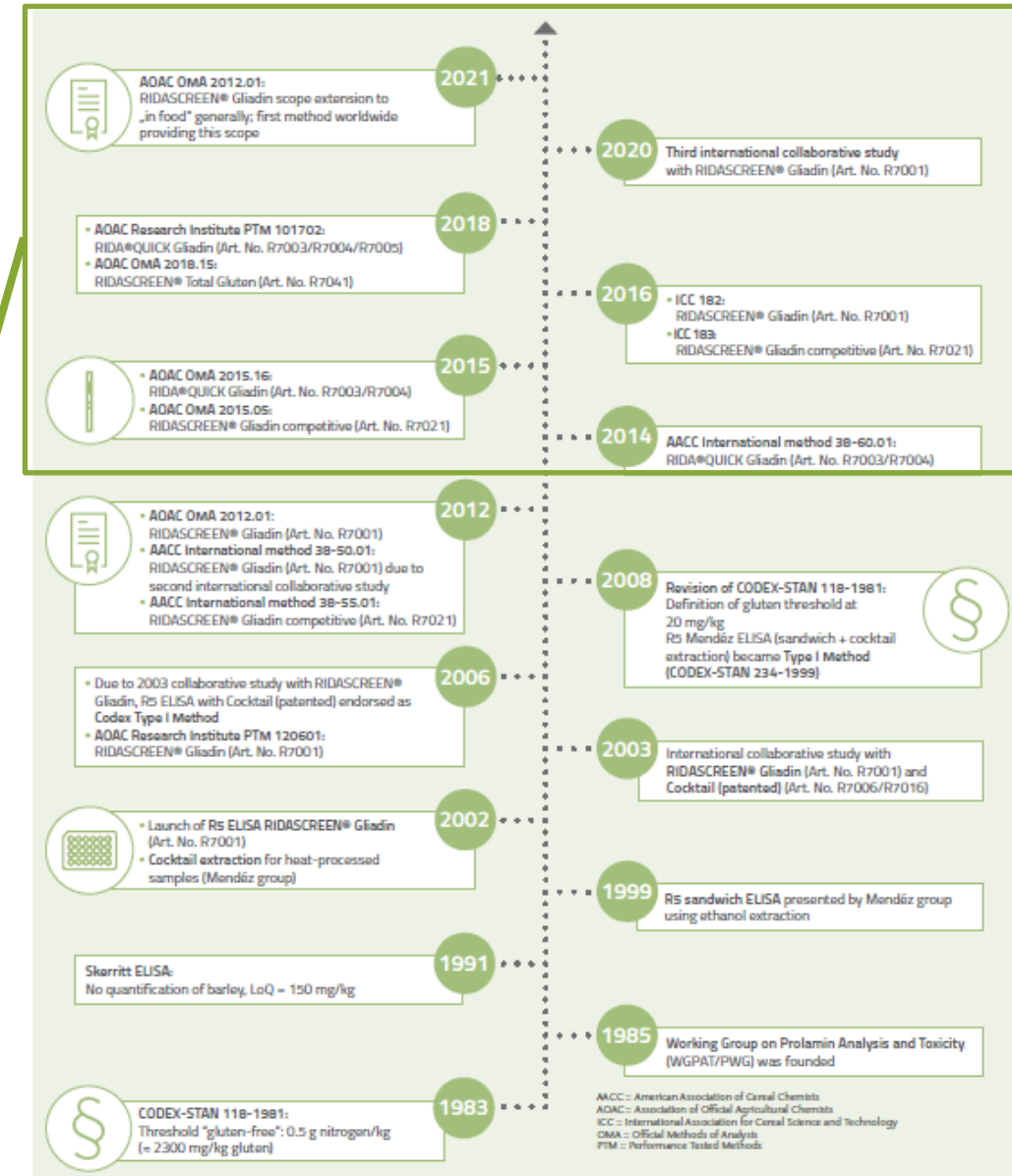
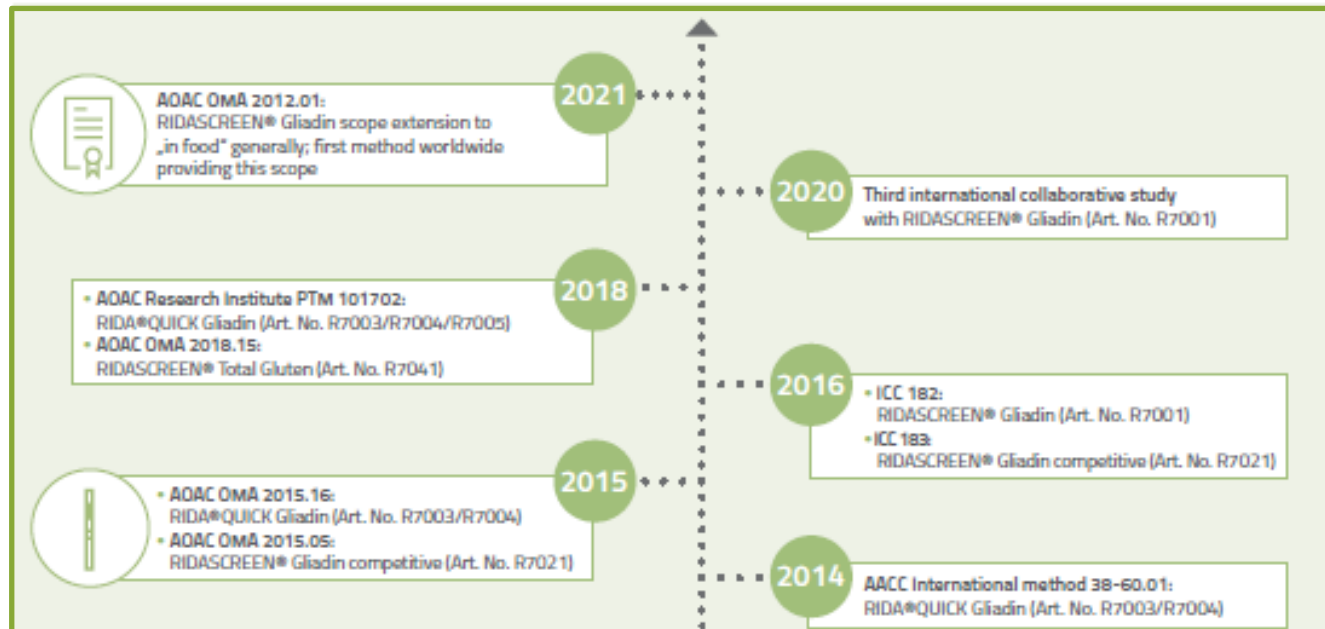
Enzyme-linked Immunoassay (ELISA) R5 Mendez Method.

¹ Oats can be tolerated by most but not all people who are intolerant to gluten. Therefore, the allowance of oats that are not contaminated with wheat, rye or barley in foods covered by this standard may be determined at the national level.

History of gluten



R5 methods: a history of internationally accepted gluten analysis





ELISA

- Detection of gliadin/gluten
- Sandwich or competitive
- Quantitative control of foods
- Confirmation PCR/LFD



LFD

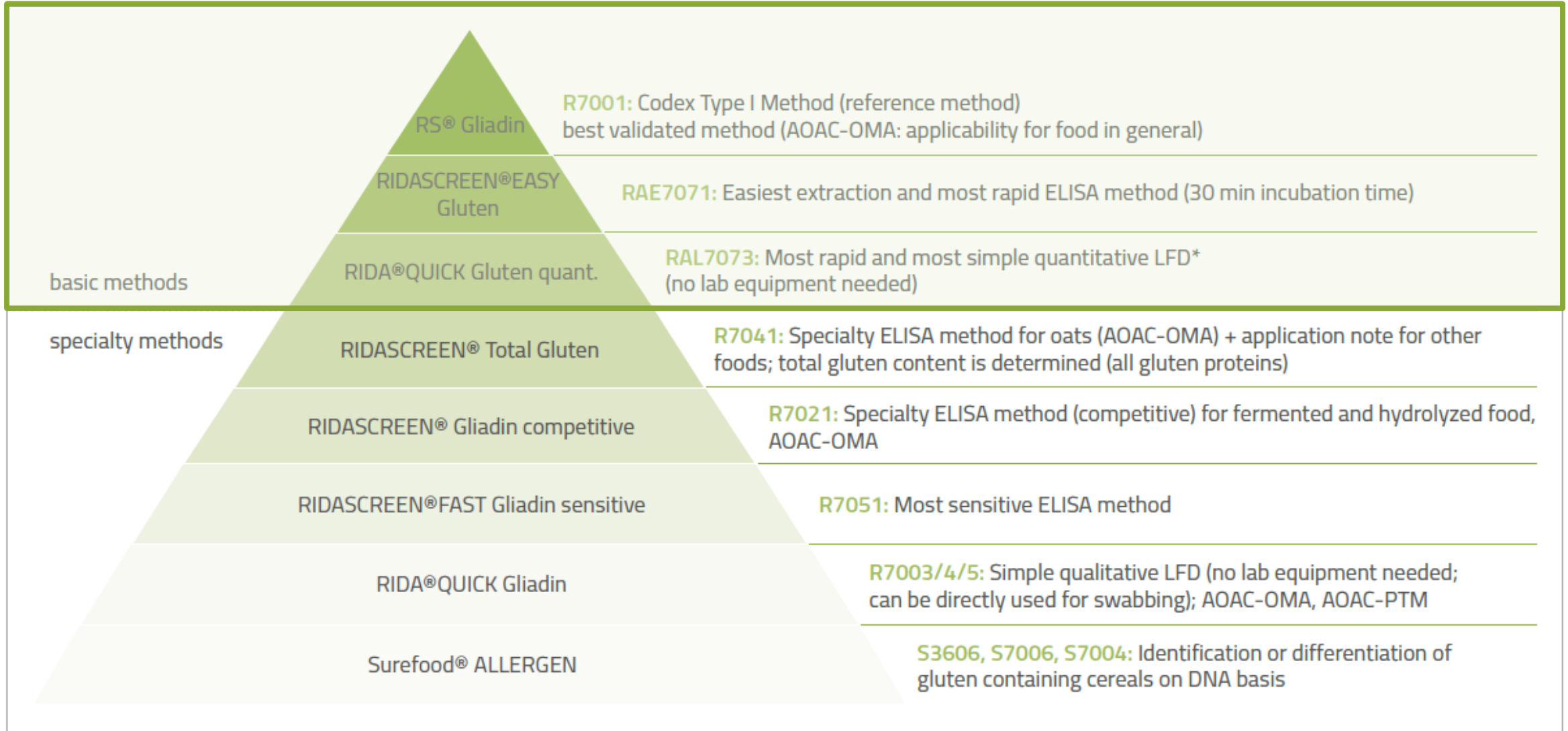
- Detection of gliadin/gluten
- Quantitative and qualitative control of foods, surfaces and cleansing water
- Screening



PCR

- Detection of DNA
- Quantitative and/or qualitative control of foods
- Confirmation ELISA

Integrated Gluten Management



RIDASCREEN® Gliadin

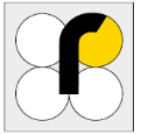
- R5 sandwich ELISA
 - Codex Alimentarius Type I method
 - Use of Cocktail (patented)
 - AOAC-OMA
 - Applicability for foods in general
 - Focus on incurred matrices
 - Automation applications and equipment available
- Based on R5 antibody → result comparability due to common immunological target





AOAC Official Method 2012.01
Gliadin as a Measure of Gluten in Food
by R5 sandwich ELISA RIDASCREEN® Gliadin
Based on a Specific Monoclonal Antibody to
Celiac Toxic Amino Acid Prolamin Sequences
First Action 2012
Final Action 2016

Applicable for the quantitative measurement of intact gliadin as a measure of gluten in unprocessed and processed matrices from important gluten-free food categories including rice- and corn-based products, soy, starches, pseudo cereals, legumes, spices, juice, nut nougat crème, cream cheese, pesto, meat, vegetarian meat alternative, cookies, dessert, cake, fish, bread, candies, and potatoes. The sandwich ELISA quantifies intact gliadin from wheat and also intact related proteins from rye and barley. This method is not accurate for quantification of fermented or hydrolyzed gluten.



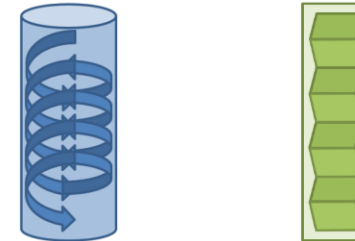
Primary structure:

Amino acid sequence



Secondary structure:

α -helix und β -pleated sheet



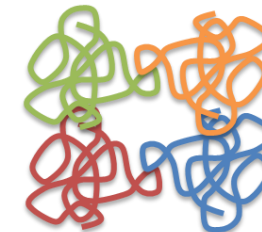
Tertiary structure:

3D-structure of a single protein

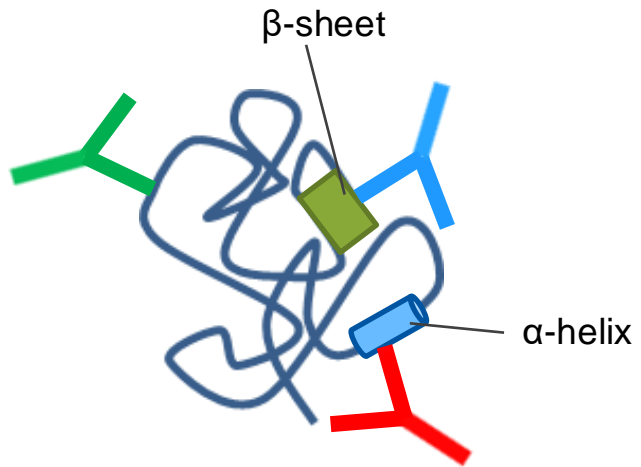
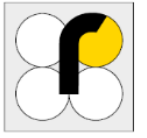


Quarternary structure:

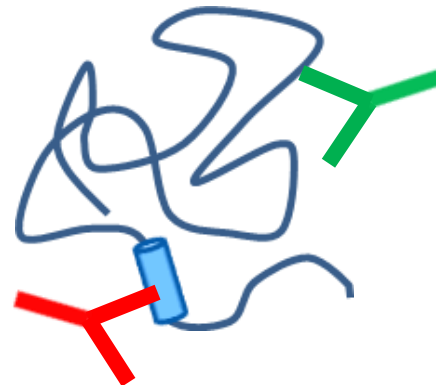
3D-structure of combined protein



Antibodies react always with one specific epitope only!



native



processed



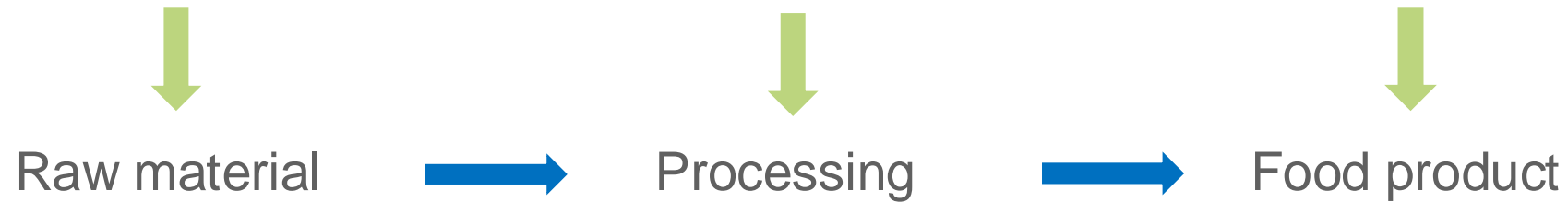
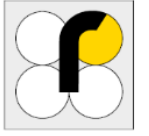
highly processed (hydrolyzed)

loss of structural epitopes



Gradually, depending on the food processing conditions

At what point does a contamination occur?



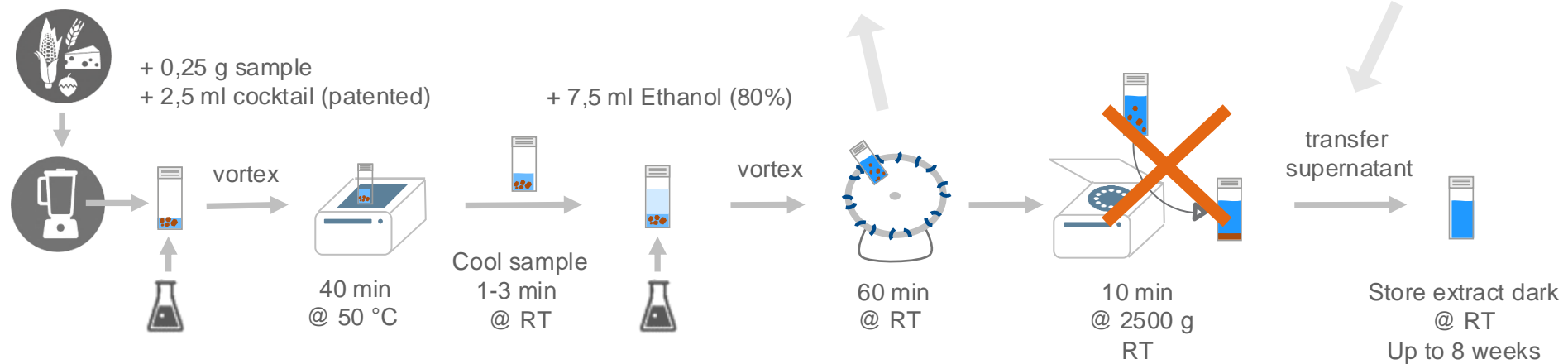
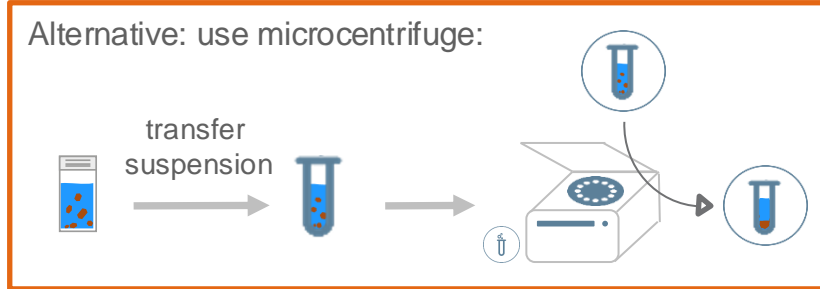
Impact on:

- Protein structure and matrix aggregation
- Extraction procedure
- Recovery

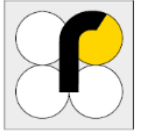
➡ Hence, it is important to include incurred samples in validation studies and AOAC guidelines were revised accordingly.

Sample preparation according to the Codex Alimentarius Type I method (use of cocktail)

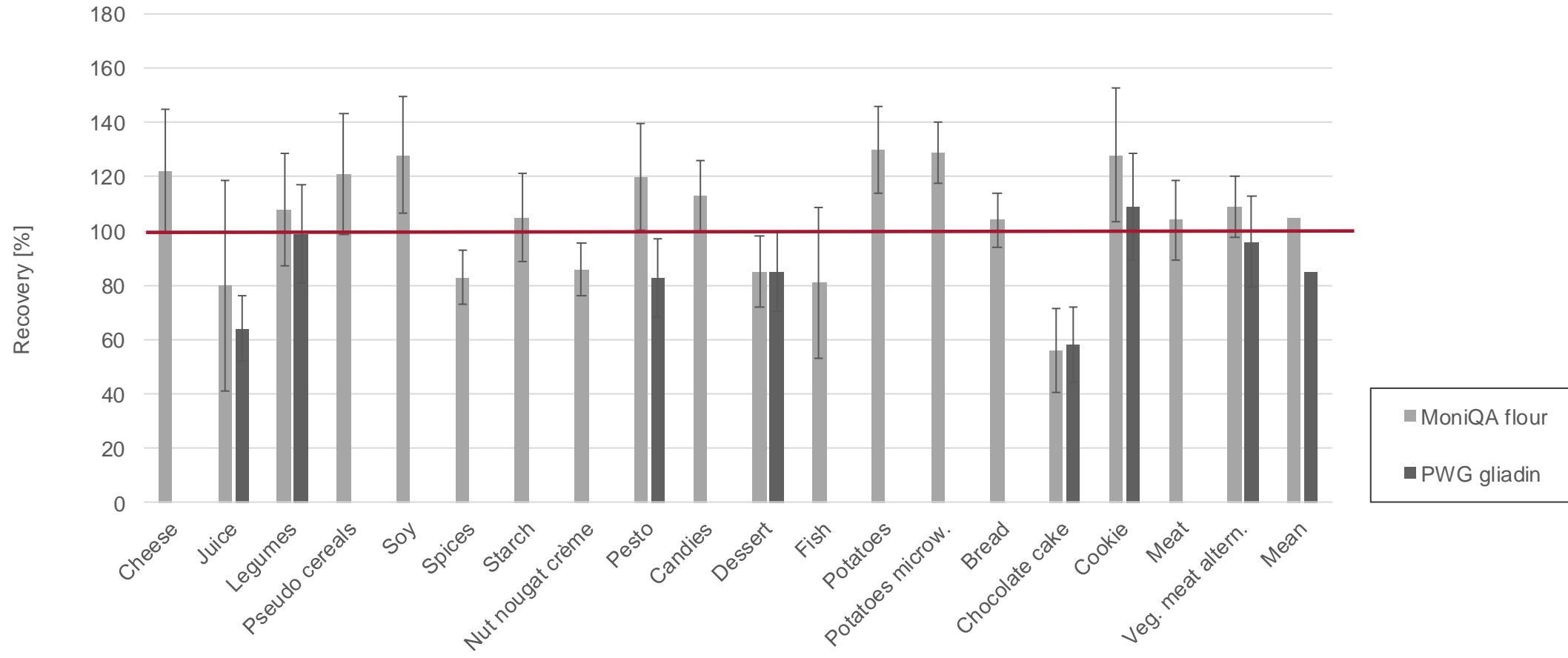
Read IFU carefully before starting the process



**Sample preparation
~2 h**



Overall recovery and precision were very good



New

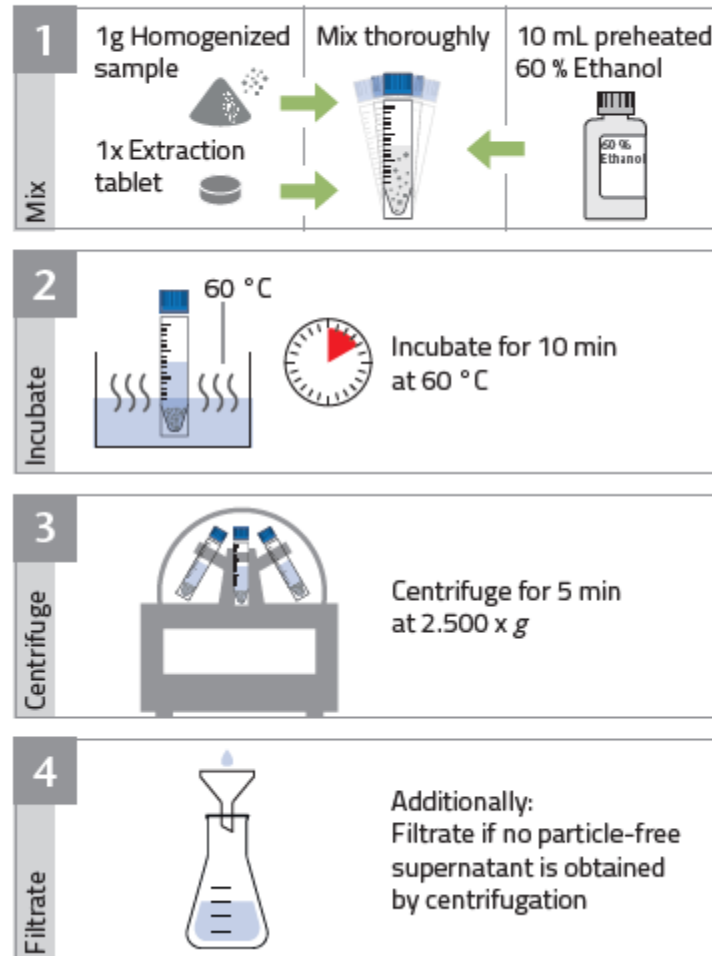
RIDASCREEN® EASY Gluten

- New R5 sandwich ELISA
 - Calibration to gluten
 - Gluten from wheat, rye, barley
 - Easy extraction
 - Automation applications and equipment available
 - Focus on incurred matrices
-
- Based on R5 antibody → result comparability due to common immunological target



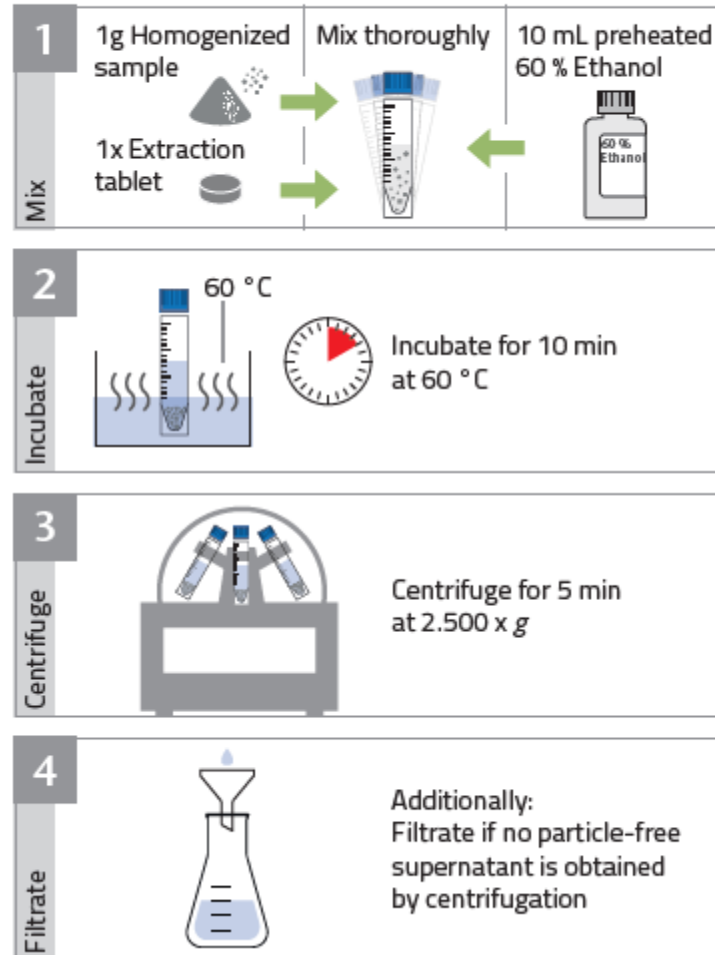


Sample preparation

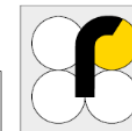




Sample preparation



RIDASCREEN®EASY Gluten – ELISA procedure




ELISA procedure

1
Dilute



Dilute the particle-free extract 1:50

2
Sample/
standard

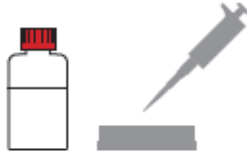


Pipet 100 μ L diluted extract or 100 μ L standard (1-6) into the plate



10 min incubation

3
Conjugate




Wash 4 x 250 μ L
Add 100 μ L conjugate



10 min incubation

4
Substrate




Wash 4 x 250 μ L
Add 100 μ L substrate/
chromogen



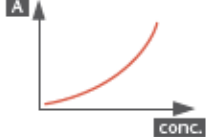
10 min incubation in the dark

5
Stop



Add 100 μ L stop solution

Read at 450 nm



New RIDA[®]QUICK Gluten quant.



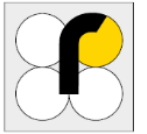
- New quantitative R5 LFD
 - Calibration to gluten
- Gluten from wheat, rye, barley
- Easy extraction, fast analysis
- Focus on incurred samples
- Evaluation with RIDA[®]SMART APP Allergen
 - Data management, Cloud
- Only quantitative LFD based on R5 antibody → result comparability due to common immunological target



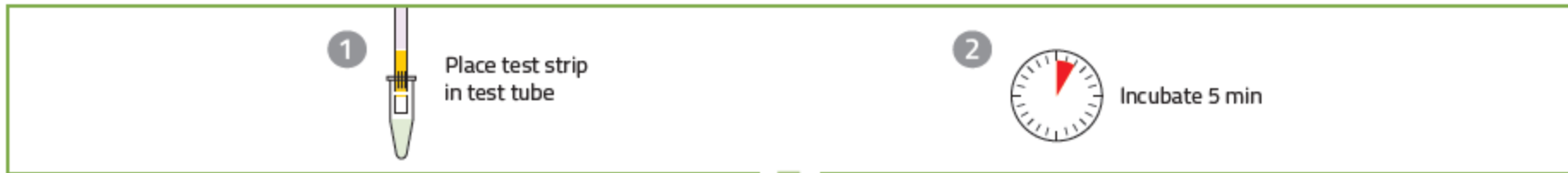
Sample preparation

Swab samples	or	CIP water	or	Food samples
<p>1 Add 4 drops of each and mix</p> <p>Conjugate 1 Test tube Conjugate 2</p>		<p>1</p> <p>CIP water can be used directly</p>		<p>1</p> <p>1 g homogenized sample</p> <p>10 mL 60 % Ethanol</p> <p>1 x extraction tablet Mix thoroughly</p>
<p>2 Moisten swab with 8 drops of swabbing buffer</p>		<p>2 Add 4 drops of each and mix</p> <p>Conjugate 1 Test tube Conjugate 2</p>		<p>2</p> <p>Filter</p>
<p>3 Swab area of interest</p>		<p>3</p> <p>Add 20 µL or 1 drop (with provided pipette) CIP water and mix</p>		<p>3 Add 4 drops of each and mix</p> <p>Conjugate 1 Test tube Conjugate 2</p>
<p>4</p> <p>Intensively flush out in the test tube from 1</p>		<p>4</p> <p>Add 20 µL or 1 drop (with provided pipette) filtered extract and mix</p>		<p>4</p>
<p>5</p> <p>Incubate 5 min</p>		<p>4</p> <p>Incubate 5 min</p>		<p>5</p> <p>Incubate 5 min</p>

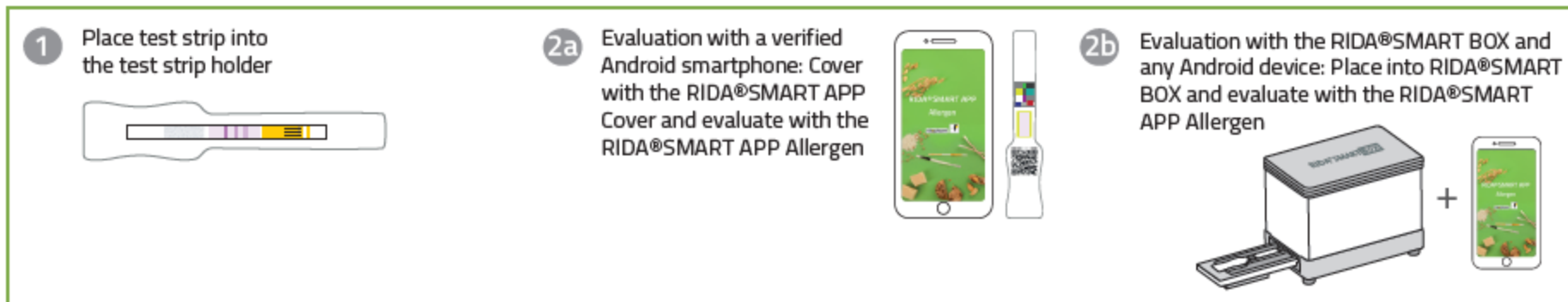
RIDA®QUICK Gluten quant. - Test procedure



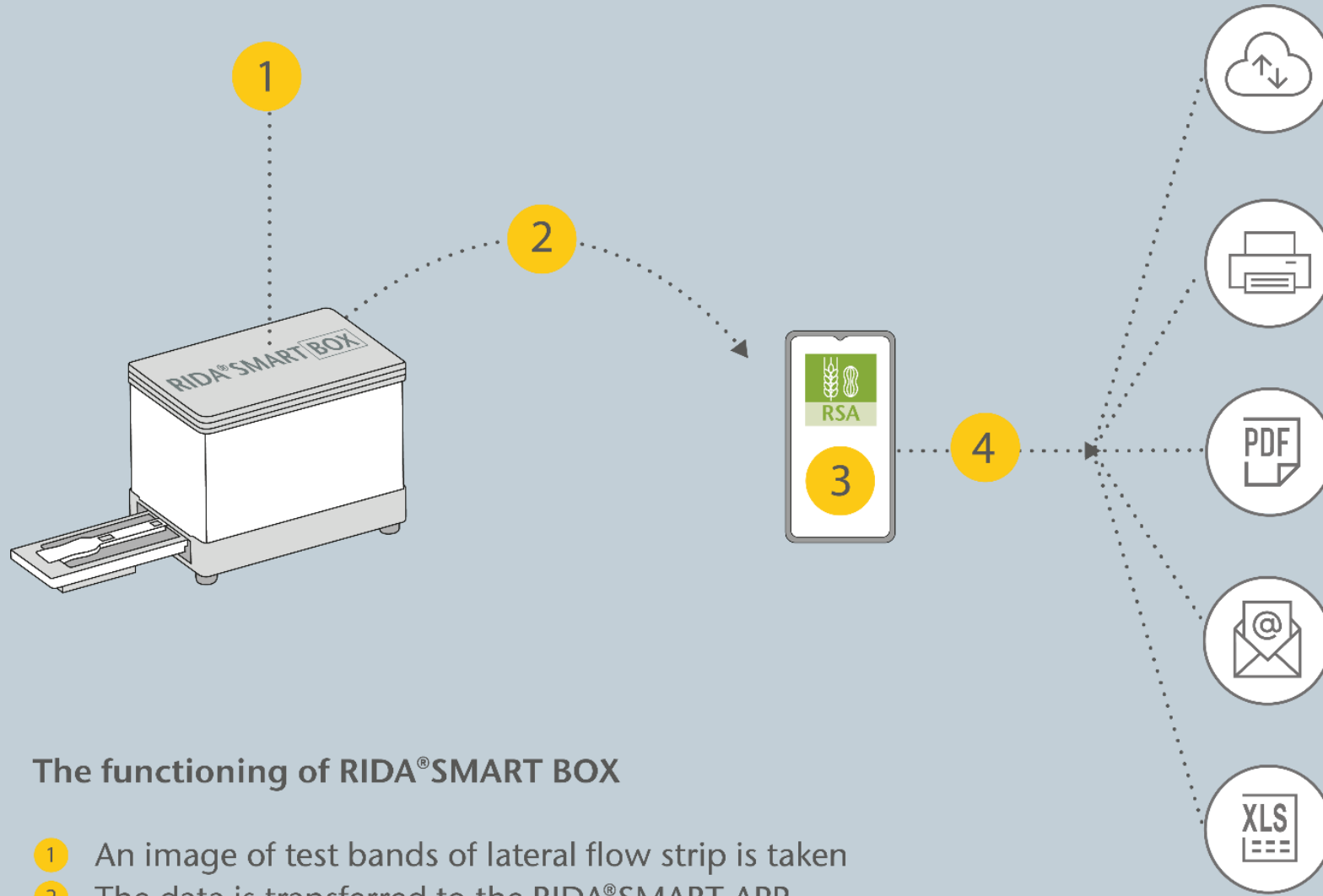
Test procedure



Evaluation



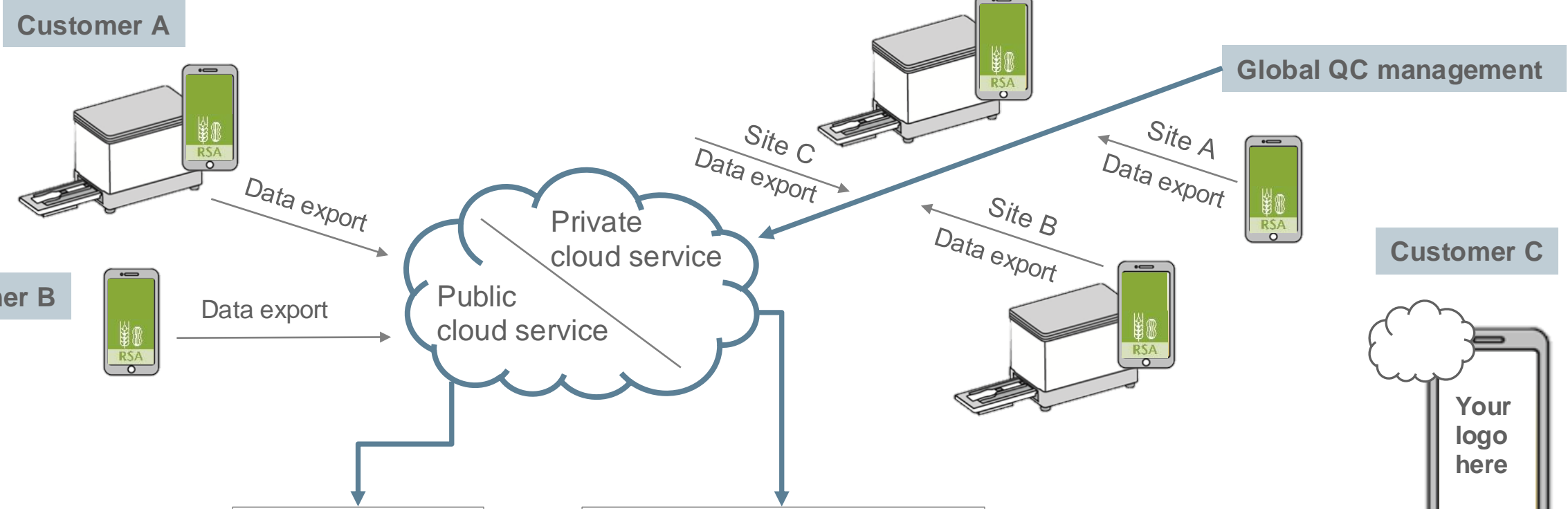
Integrated gluten management



The functioning of RIDA[®]SMART BOX

- 1 An image of test bands of lateral flow strip is taken
- 2 The data is transferred to the RIDA[®]SMART APP
- 3 The RIDA[®]SMART APP calculates the results
- 4 Full connectivity e.g. cloud, e-mail, pdf, excel, printer

System solution



Test Results

Date & Time	App	Application	Batch Number	Customer ID	Notes	Product Code	Product Name	Result	Sample ID	SAS Systemintegration	SAS Systemintegration
2023-12-06 15:42:30	allergens	N/A	test			R7103	RIDA#QUICK Soya	N/A	5	null	SAS Systemintegration
2023-12-06 14:49:38	allergens	Food Test	123455			RAL7073	RIDA QUICK Gluten quant	< 2 mg/kg	4	null	SAS Systemintegration
2023-12-06 12:48:58	allergens	Food Test	123455			RAL7073	RIDA QUICK Gluten quant	< 2 mg/kg	3	null	SAS Systemintegration
2023-12-06 12:48:47	allergens	Food Test	123455			RAL7073	RIDA QUICK Gluten quant	> 40 mg/kg	2	null	SAS Systemintegration
2023-12-06 12:48:19	allergens	Food Test	123455			RAL7073	RIDA QUICK Gluten quant	< 2 mg/kg	1	null	SAS Systemintegration
2023-12-06 15:35:32	allergens	N/A	test	test		R7003	RIDA#QUICK Gladin	POSITIVE	test	null	SAS Systemintegration
2023-12-06 15:31:56	allergens	N/A	test	1		R7003	RIDA#QUICK Gladin	N/A	1	null	SAS Systemintegration

Dashboard with real-time data

- Dashboard with real-time data and analytics
- Customized APP design
- Data export to your own system via API



- All tests are based on R5 antibody (ELISA/LFD)
- Quantitative evaluation (ELISA/LFD quant./PCR)
- Qualitative evaluation (LFD/PCR)
- Optional: Automation available
- Result comparability

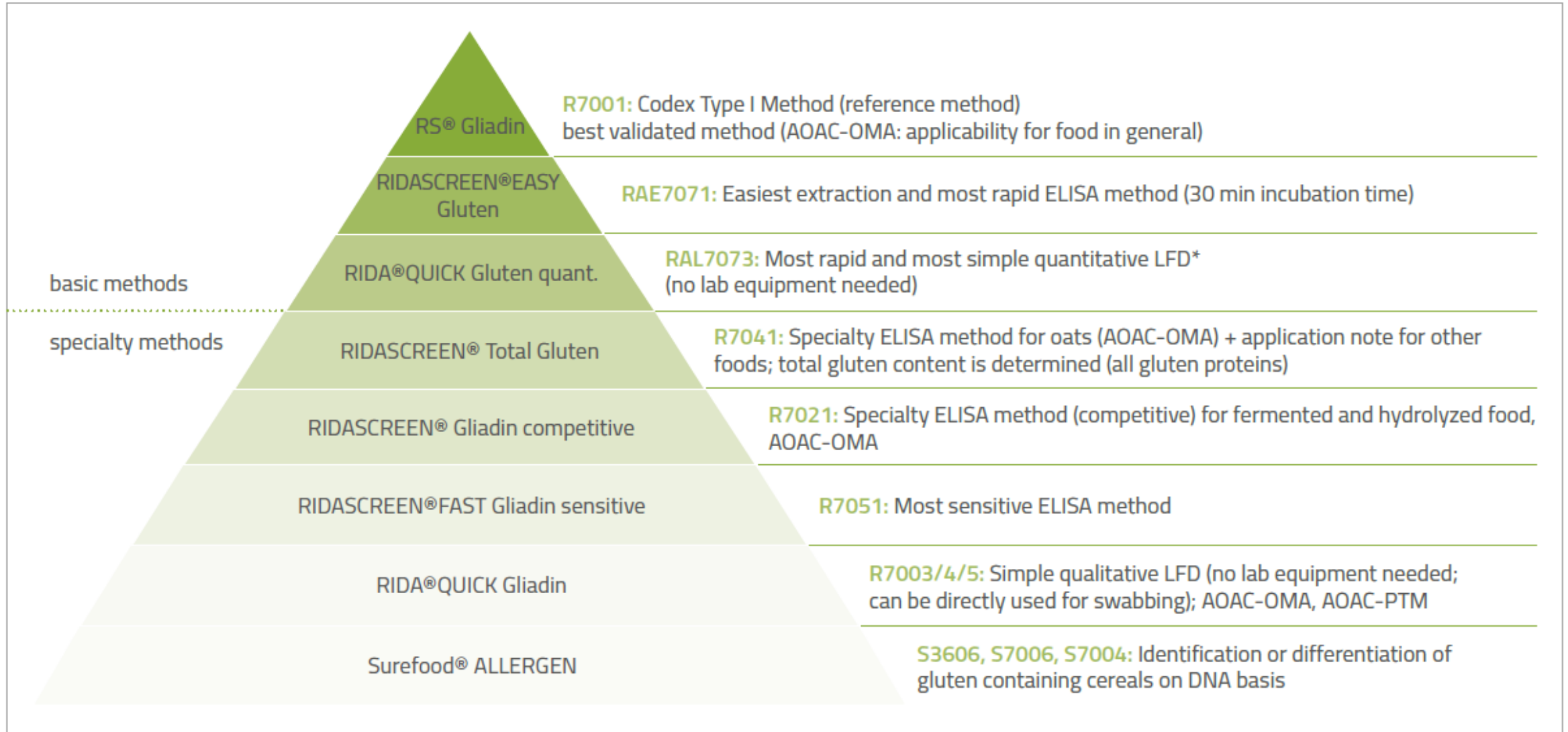
Incurred samples:

Matrix	Sample	R7001 RS Gliadin Recovery (%)	RAE7071 EASY Gluten Recovery (%)	RAL7073 QUICK Gluten quant. Recovery (%)
Oat cookie	B9	198	148	121
Oat cookie	R9	237	189	146
Oat cookie	W9	140	107	124
Chocolate creme	B9	186	152	193
Chocolate creme	W9	93	93	70
Spice	W9	106	112	92
Cake	R9	209	118	81
Cake	W9	123	91	75
Pesto	W9	125	76	89
mean incurred samples		157	121	110

Incurred samples:

Matrix	Sample	R7001 RS Gliadin Recovery (%)	RAE7071 EASY Gluten Recovery (%)	RAL7073 QUICK Gluten quant. Recovery (%)	R7001 with factor 1.5
Oat cookie	B9	198	148	121	149
Oat cookie	R9	237	189	146	178
Oat cookie	W9	140	107	124	105
Chocolate creme	B9	186	152	193	139
Chocolate creme	W9	93	93	70	70
Spice	W9	106	112	92	79
Cake	R9	209	118	81	156
Cake	W9	123	91	75	92
Pesto	W9	125	76	89	94
mean incurred samples		157	121	110	118

Solutions for gluten analysis



Integrated Gluten Management

Gluten testing along the food production chain



Thank you for your attention!

More about R-Biopharm
Food & Feed Analysis



<https://r-b.io/food>

